Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 55,154—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Dates of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
8th Oct.	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
22nd "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
29th "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th "	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
3rd Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
17th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	.....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd "	*ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
25th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
1st April.	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7958	.....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May.	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER, At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 400 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 523 or Rs. 627	Rs. 791 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

AGENTS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.
BERTHS — Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

OR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Oct. 1910
Balduino	3,580	D. Maganzinie	15th Nov. "
Rubattino	1580	L. Manchini	15th Dec. "

FARES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	15th Oct. 1910
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	15th Nov. "
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	15th Dec. "

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 5 Hornby Road.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2171	Mon.	3rd Oct.	11 a.m.	†P D & C M
Dwarka	1693	Thurs.	6th Oct.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	7th "	6 a.m.*	direct.

†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1693 tons, on Thursday, 6th Oct. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGHOLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WARORA," 3,660 tons, on Monday, 3rd October, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

A. STEAMER sailing on or about the 8th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, BOMBAY.

3rd October, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
X	X	X	27th Oct.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov.
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. 1911.
AUSTRALIEN	6,385	X	19th Jan. "
SALAZIE	4,147	Biguier	16th Feb. "
SYDNEY	4,118	Gosta	16th Mar. "
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	13th Apl. "
POLYNESIEN	6,363	X	11th May "
AUSTRALIEN	6,363	X	8th June "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Armand Behic	6,385	X	7th Oct. 1910.
Australien	6,385	X	4th Nov.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Oct. 1910
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	12th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	A. Tait	29th " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	A. Tait	26th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	23rd " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	575
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	803
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	974
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any farther information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
CORNER. MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

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NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

	Tons	Leave Bombay about
S. S. Umsinga	4,500	25th November, 1910.

Fare Rs. 400.

For further particulars, apply to:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

11 Gold Medals awarded.

Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,

FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the same accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:

"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:

Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL

Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE

2, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra	Celm
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States,	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States.	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Ihaping (Perak F. M. S.	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,

J. S. BRUCE,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

LIQUID LIPPS

is the name by which the Popular Pianos manufactured by RICHARD LIPP are known. In both Hemispheres—Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and the Far East, the

LIQUID LIPPS

are known and appreciated. The Popularity of these Pianos is evidenced by testimonials from all parts of the globe testifying unanimously to their excellent qualities in detail.

LIQUID LIPPS

are the Pianos par excellence for India as they are built and warranted to stand the extremes of a tropical climate in that they have complete metal frames cast in one piece and yet maintain all that

LIQUIDNESS OF TONE

which is the outstanding feature of these celebrated and covetable Pianos combining as they also do the desirable musical quality of

LIQUID TOUCH

which is capable of the most exquisite expression and further they will stand absolutely in perfect tune to the recognised full musical pitch in any climate. The pitch known as

PHILHARMONIC

which is higher than the pitch at which most Pianos are tuned in India The most moderate priced Piano ever offered in India.

SOL AGENT IN INDIA:

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

JUST UNPACKED

THE following from the CUTTING PACKING Co., Californian Fruits in Syrup in 2½ lbs. tins, Extra quality, PEACHES, PEARS and APRICOTS, at Re. 1-4 per tin, and ROYAL ANNE CHERRIES, in 3 lbs. tins, at Re. 1-8 per tin.

Whole ASPERAGUS, 1st choice (PAUL ERASMI AND Co.), at Rs. 2-8; per Dozen, Rs. 27.

Fruits in Syrup, Extra quality, in Bottles, at Re. 1-10 per Bottle, from the well known House of Messrs. DANDICOLLE AND GAUDIN, at Bordeaux.

PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION,
From
THE ITALIAN STORES,

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ALL GOLD"

Californian New Season's Fruit Fresh consignment just arrived in large 2½ lb. tins.

Cases containing ... { 6 LEMON CLING PEACHES. 6 APRICOTS. 5 BARTLETT PEARS 3 ROYAL ANN CHERRIES. 3 GREENGAGE PLUMS. 1 BLACKBERRIES.

Rs. 22-8 per case... OR RE. 1 PER TIN. SELECTED.

OBTAINABLE ONLY FROM

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, nervalgia and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poor, impure, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatever form met with, removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck; it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 and 20 Post Free.

Agents for India—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BOMBAY & POONA.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.

RETREADING AND REPAIRING WORKS,
UNDER EXPERT ENGLISH SUPERVISION
ALL THE LATEST

DUNLOP MACHINERY.

Send along your **OLD TYRES** and have them retreaded under the Dunlop System which is the best ever discovered. Repairs to TUBES of every description. ESTIMATES and REPORTS FREE.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.
3, Wallace Street, BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD.

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

TURPENE

THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR TURPENTINE.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1-
BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERA
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs.
BATLIWALLA'S HARETO
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores G
Natural Colour. Rs. 3.
BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PIL
Cures Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness
BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POW
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such a
Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.
BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM O
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO
DR. H. L. BATLIW
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BO

JOSEPH EVANS &

(WOLVERHAMPTON), L
CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERH
MAKERS OF
PUMPS & PUMPING
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT
MINING & IRRIGATION PU
WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

OWING TO HEAVY RAIN causing slips on BHORE GHAUT, through-communication is temporarily interrupted.

H. C. RADFORD,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1910.

THE ANCHOR LINE S. S. "CIRCASSIA" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL and discharges in the Victoria Dock.

Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for our COUNTER-SIGNATURE and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of Consignees, unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay. Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibility in respect of goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

Captain METCALFE will attend every morning. Holders of Through Bills of Lading are requested to make written, not verbal, application regarding their goods, failing the Undersigned will not be responsible for any delay caused by Consignees not being advised of arrival of such goods.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings,
Bombay, 1st October, 1910.

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC, LONDON.

THE LAST DATE OF ENTRY, for the DECEMBER MUSICAL KNOWLEDGE EXAMINATION is THURSDAY, October the 6th, 1910.

EDGAR FAULKNER,
Local Secretary.

The Anchorage.

POONA NINTH EXTRA MEETING,
THURSDAY, 13TH OCTOBER, 1910.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P. M., on TUESDAY, 4th October, 1910.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 28th September, 1910.

POONA EIGHTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 8TH OCTOBER, 1910.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M. on MONDAY, 3rd October, 1910.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 28th September, 1910.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. KENDELL and Co., Ltd., having their registered Office, at No. 12, Tamarind Land, Fort, Bombay, are the SOLE PROPRIETORS of the PATENT RIGHTS for the manufacture and sale of Walke's Patent Card Boards, Washers, and of the patent rights under all other Patents taken out by Mr. O. Walke in connection with the manufacture of Gin Washers of disks of paper in which short pieces of coir or other vegetable fibres are incorporated.

The public are hereby WARNED against the manufacture, import or sale of Washers in infringement of the Patent Right of the Company.

Legal proceedings will be instituted against every party detected in manufacture of Washers in infringement of the said Patent Rights of the Company or in sale or import of Washers so manufactured—Dated this 23rd day of September, 1910.

BICKNELL, MERWANJI & HOMER,
Attorneys for KENDELL and Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. KAIKHUSRU ARDASEER MODY and BAI PIROJA, daughter of Mr. EDULJI ARDASEER MODY, both of Bombay, Parsis, have contracted TO SELL their respective one-third share and all other their share and interest in the undermentioned property to our client Bai Dhunbaiji, wife of Mr. Framjee Hormusjee Arjaneo, the owner of the remaining one-third. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, posse sion, lease, lien, casement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 79 Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of land of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuage or dwellinghouse standing thereon situate at Bombay within the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 214 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 178, New No. 5031, Old Survey No. 1127, and New Survey No. 9415, and bounded on the East by a passage partly belonging to the property now being described and partly to the adjoining premises belonging to Dr. Ernchandra Janeeji Hakim, on the West by the property of Bai Hamabai Framji Petit, on the North by the property of Bai Manekbai and Bai Motibai executrices of Jehangir Nusserwanji Wadia, and on the South by Nanabhai Lane or Cama Street, which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1685, and Street No. 4, Nanabhai Lane and were formerly and are now in the occupation the tenants of the vendors and the purchaser. Dated this 29th day of September, 1910.

PESTANJEE, RUSTIM, KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

[illegible] signed will receive Tenders at [illegible]st, Commanding Royal Engi[illegible]2 noon on 17th [illegible] works:—
[illegible]ARRACKS and [illegible], to be com[illegible]mounting in all
[illegible]ARRACKS to [illegible] sanitary substi[illegible]bout Rs. 4,60,000, [illegible]personally or by
[illegible]-Col. R. E., [illegible]gineer, Poona.

[illegible]MOPOLITAN [illegible] bed rooms with [illegible]cent verandah, [illegible]
[illegible] Proprietor.

[illegible]EL,
[illegible] chary [illegible] Station,
[illegible]AY.
[illegible]re-[illegible]of

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Bombay Time), on THURSDAY, the 27th day of October, 1910, for the SUPPLY of 12 Brissil's Recording Pressure Gauges and 8 cast iron cattle troughs.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc. may be obtained free of charge from the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200, to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

J. BACEY,
Storekeeper, Municipality.

Storekeeper's Office,
Chinchpokli, 28th September, 1910.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that ABDUL HUSAN JEEWAJI ALIBHAI RAJA has agreed to sell to our clients the properties hereinafter mentioned.

All persons having any claim or demand against the said properties by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the perpetual Fazendari tenure containing by
3
admeasurement 159—square yards or thereabouts
9
together with the messuage, tenement, or dwellinghouse standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E Ward No. 4332 and Street No. 27 (of Haines Road passage No. 1) and which all premises are situated at Haines Road Passage or otherwise called Agripada, Byculla, without the Fort of Bombay in the registration subdistrict of Bombay and are bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by a public passage, on or towards the West by the Bombay Municipal ground, on or towards the North by the public passage, and on or towards the South by the property hereinafter secondly described, bearing New Survey No. 3476 and,

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the perpetual Fazendari tenure containing by admeasurement 173—square yards or thereabouts
3
9
together with the messuage, tenement, or dwellinghouse standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E. Ward No. 4333, Street No. 28 (of Haines Road Passage No. 1) and which all premises are situate at Haines Road passage, otherwise called Agripada, Byculla, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration subdistrict of Bombay and are bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the public passage, on or towards the West by the Municipal ground, on or towards the North by the property hereinbefore firstly described and on or towards the South by the property of Ramji Bhiwaji Thole, bearing New Survey No. 3476. Dated this first day of October, 1910.

WADIA GHANDY & Co.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE—The THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on MONDAY, 10th October, 1910, at 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time), at the Registered office of the Company, Navsari Buildings, No. 2 A, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay.

BUSINESS:

1. To receive and adopt the Report of the Directors and Audited Balance-Sheet up to 30 June, 1910.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To confirm the nominations of Messrs. Ratanji Jamsetji Tata, Ratanji Dadabhoy Tata and Hormasji Frimji Commissariat as Directors of the Company.
4. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
6. To pass the following resolutions:

1. The Board of Directors having brought to the notice of the shareholders that certain alterations and additions are considered by them to be necessary and expedient in the Rules regulating the Workmen's Gratuitous Pension Fund and Provident Fund and that they be authorised to make the same, it is resolved, that the Directors be and they are hereby authorised from time to time to make all such alterations in and additions to the said Rules as they shall think fit.

2. The Directors having brought to the notice of the shareholders that the Workmen's Gratuitous Pension Fund is as shown by past experience far in excess of its legitimate needs and that portions of the same can from time to time safely be withdrawn from the Fund and either paid into the Company's Provident Fund or treated as part of the Company's general funds as the Directors shall from time to time think fit. It is Resolved that the Directors be and they are hereby authorised to withdraw from time to time such portions from the said fund as they may think fit and either to pay the same into the Company's Provident Fund or treat the same as part of the Company's general funds.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 11th to 24th October 1910, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

KAVASJI K. MEHTA,
Secretary.

Bombay, 26th September, 1910.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay upto 1 P. M. (Bombay Time) on Friday, the 4th day of November, 1910, for the work of PRINTING for a period of one, three and five years commencing from the 1st March, 1911.

2. The wools printing work is divided into ten divisions and the tenderers have the option of tendering for any one or more divisions.

3. Deposits noted below against each division should be paid into the Chief Accountant's Office at the time of lodging tenders.

Division No.	Amount of deposit.	Division No.	Amount of deposit.
I	Rs. 1,000	VI	Rs. 500
II	" 500	VII	" 300
III	" 600	VIII	" 700
IV	" 500	IX	" 100
V	" 500	X	" 300

4. Printed forms of tender and conditions of contract with 10 schedules can be had on payment of Rs. 5 for each form at the office of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

5. The particular attention of tenderers is invited to the general directions printed with the form of tender.

6. The rates which the Municipality have been paying for the printing work can be seen at the Municipal Commissioner's Office on application to the Superintendent of Printing and Stationery.

7. Tenderers are requested to submit along with the tenders 6 sheets (duly stamped) of each of the kinds of papers specified at page 5 of the articles of agreement to serve as samples. If the samples so submitted be other than those described in the Specification the tenders will be liable to be rejected.

8. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. R. CADELL,
Ag. Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay,

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 30th September, 1910.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

TIMBER SLEEPERS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of SLEEPERS as under for the use of the Eastern Bengal State Railway:—

Board Gauge Sleepers (10'×10"×5" or 9'-6"×10"×5") 1,00,000.

Delivery of Sleepers must commence in December, 1910, and must be completed by the end of May, 1911. As regards Indian Sleepers at least one-third of the total quantity must be delivered at Railway Stations, ready for inspection before the 31st January, 1911, another third by 31st March, 1911, the balance before 31st May 1911.

Tenders will be considered for any of the following descriptions of timber:—

INDIAN SAL, DEODAR or BURMESE PYNKADO.
WESTERN AUSTRALIAN HILL GROWN JARRAH.
NEW SOUTH WALES MIXED HARDWOODS.
QUEENSLAND Do.
TASMANIAN Do.
JAVA TEAK

Tenders may be submitted for the whole or any portion of the quantity required. Parties Tendering are requested to state the number of Sleepers of each class of Timber, and when more than one class is offered, to quote the rate for each class as well as the average rate for the lot.

In the case of mixed hardwoods the proportions allowable are given in the specification.

The Australian and Tasmanian Sleepers to be Government inspected and marked true to name at the cost of the supliers and the price quoted should include delivery F. O. R. at Calcutta.

Burmese Pynkado Sleepers will be inspected and passed by an Engineer Officer of the Burma Railways, before shipment and the price quoted should include delivery F. O. R. at Calcutta.

Sal and Deodar will be inspected and passed at the cost of the Contractor at any Railway Station, and prices quoted must include delivery into trucks at these stations, after having been passed by an Officer of the Eastern Bengal State Railway, the Railway Stations at which the Sleepers are to be delivered and the number to be delivered at each Station must be clearly noted in the Tender.

Tenders should be returned enclosed in sealed covers addressed to the Managers, E. B. S. Railway, [at Calcutta, by 12 Noon, 3rd November, 1910. The cover should be endorsed on the outside with the sender's, name and adderss and should be superscribed in red ink "Tenders for sleepers for the Eastern Bengal State Railway for 1911". Unless so superscribed they are liable to be returned without consideration.

Forms of Tenders and specification can be obtained from the Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal State Railway, Sealdah, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of Rs. 100 for each set of forms and specifications which will be refunded on the order of the Manager, E. B. S. Ry. to unsuccessful Tenderers as soon as can be arranged after the disposal of the tenders provided a Bona-fide tender is submitted, while to successful Tenderers the same will be refunded as soon as the contract agreement has been duly executed by them. No alteration is to be made in the specification or conditions of contract in the printed form of tender without bringing such alteration to special notice of the Railway in the covering letter.

No earnest money or security is required to be sent with the tenders.

The E. B. S. Railway do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and the whole or any part of a tender may be accepted or rejected.

BALA RAM,
Offg. Engineer-in-Chief,
E. B. S. Ry.

Calcutta, The 26th Septr., 1910.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

MAHABLESHWAR SEASON, 1910.
COMBINED RAIL AND ROAD MOTOR MAIL SERVICES.

POONA-WATHAR SPECIALS:—Under arrangement with the Post Master General, Bombay, a Light Special Postal Express having limited Passenger accommodation will be run daily from the 5th October 1910 until further notice. This Train will run in connection with the G. I. P. Railway Madras Mail leaving Bombay at 22 hours daily. It will leave Poona at 2 hours 50 minutes, and arrive Wathar at 6 hours 50 minutes.

From Wathar the Train will start at 13 hours 40 minutes daily and arrive Poona at 22 hours 55 minutes connecting with the G. I. P. Railway Poona-Bombay Sleeping Car train [illegible] Poona at 23 hours 45 minutes.

Accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers will be reserved by these Trains in the order registered, for the number of berths available, on application to the Station Master, Poona or Wathar, as the case may be.

MOTOR SERVICES BY ROAD BETWEEN WATHAR AND MAHABLESHWAR.

The Cars of the Mahableshwar Motor Service Company will be timed to leave Wathar daily at 7 hours 20 minutes after the arrival of the Postal Express from Poona, and are timed to arrive at Mahableshwar at about 10 hours.

From Mahableshwar the cars will be timed to start at 15 hours 40 minutes and arrive Wathar at about 18 hours 10 minutes connecting with the 18 hours 40 minutes Special Passenger Train to Poona.

R. GREENALL,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.

Madras, 26th Septr. 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 8th instnt, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 15 Queen's Road, Marine Lines, very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, plain and carved dining, drawing, office and bedrooms household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plateware, sliding dining tab'e, arms and without arms chairs, large mirror back sideboards, and dumbwaiters, handsome drawing-room, suite of sofas and chairs, artistic-made cabinets and chiffoniers, marble top octagon and round tables, office tables with drawers, single and double mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, clothes, pressie, marble-top dressing and washband tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, dissection case, histology case, a set of one dozen tooth forceps, Chesterfield sofas, Singapore cane furniture, bentwood chairs, rich curtains, rich engravings in frames, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging hall and wall lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, one gentleman bicycle, Royal Swift, with Dunlop tyres, free wheels, two brakes, lamp, bell, pump, complete, etc., etc., the property of Officers' Mess and Officers' 116th Mahrattas.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY the 13th instant, at 2 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Malabar Hill, near little Gibbsroad, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, dining table and chairs, sideboard, and dumbwaiters, drawingroom sofas and chairs, cabinets, ornaments, single and double bedsteads, dressing and washband tables, one sweet tone piano, hall and table lamps, rich carpets, cane furniture, office tables, copper utensils, &c. &c. The property of Lieut. Col. H. P. Dimmock, M. D., I. M. S. proceeding to England.

Catalogues will be published and the property on veiw 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1910.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE

Lessee.....MAURICE E. BANDMANN,
EVERY NIGHT.
Mr. Maurice E. Bandmann presents the
STEELE—PAYNE,
Entertainers and Bellringers,
SATURDAY NIGHT VERDICT,
POPULAR and DECISIVE.
A DECIDED AND INSTANTANEOUS SUCCESS
Of all the musical entertainments given in Bombay.
ABSOLUTELY THE MOST ARTISTIC,
REFINED AND EXQUISETELY ENJOYABLE.
A PERFECT OVATION
GREETED EACH ARTIST.
EACH ITEM ENCORED AGAIN AND AGAIN,
SECOND GRAND PROGRAMME TO-NIGHT,
Prices—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2, 1: Doors open at 8-30, commencing 9-30.
To-morrow another change of Programme.

PROMENADE CONCERT
ON
Y. M. C. A. TENNIS COURTS,
(BACK BAY).
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6TH, 9-15 P. M.

ADMISSION, Re. 1.

SIGNOR MORI,
Kindly assisted by
Mrs. BEN HICK; Signor SAVINI;
Signor MANETTI; M. HAUSER, Etc.,
will give a
GRAND CHAMBER CONCERT
IN THE
Y. M. C. A. HALL, FORT,
ON
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29TH,
AT 9-15 P. M.

ADMISSION, Re. 1 and As. 8.
(Tickets at ROSE & Co., or Y. M. C. A.)

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application,

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... " 16,600,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Changchiag	Newchwang
Dairen (Dalny)	New York
Hankow	Osaka
Hongkong	Pekin
Honolulu	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Kobe	San Francisco
Liaoyang	Shanghai
London	Tiehling
Lyons	Tientsin
Fengtien (Mukden)	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business is transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 2-8. Gold, Rs. 25.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

SMALL OFFICES TO LET, above Thacker's, Electric Light and Fans. Rent from Rs. 100 per mensem. Apply THACKER & Co., Ltd., Esplanade Road.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

WANTED.—Smart COMPOSITORS. Apply, GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.—Decalcifier. The great Calcium solvent will absolutely remove calcium and incrustations from Radiators and other parts. Stocked by THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Bombay.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects: They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

CLAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 3½d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 468, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery etc.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Forms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

INSURANCES.

BONUS YEAR 1910.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds exceed £19,670,000
Total Revenue for 1909 exceeded. £4,280,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent, per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to

Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
or to the
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY'S OFFICE,
100, Clive Street, Calcutta.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.
Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,305,710.96
LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House. Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE
BANK OF INDIA, LD.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HONBLE MR. H. E. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khatau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhavnaggar.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY Esq., (Messrs. Khetsey Khaisey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
B. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 8 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Nowera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSIT FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY,

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, September 30.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ... ... 80 1-4 +1-8
Rentes 3 per cent ... ... 97 1-4 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)... 92 3-4 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent Government Securities ... ... 83 unchgd
Bar Silver in London. ... ... 24 7-8+1-16
Do. 2 months hence ... ... 24 15-16+1-16
Closing Tone of Silver.—Quiet—Dull.
Silver in New York ... ... 54+1-3
Exchange on London at Paris ... 25-24 1-2—1-2
Do do Berlin ... 20-44+1-2
Do do New York ... 4-86 1-2—1-4
Discount Bank of England Rate...4 p.c. since 29-9-10
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st. 3 11-16 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st... 3 7-8+1-8
Do Fine Trade Bills 3 months. 4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months.. 4 1-4 unchgd
Interest day to day loans ... 2 1-4 unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans ... 2 1-2 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30-d-st. (Bank buying rate) ... ... 1 3 15-16 unchgd
EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—
Bills on Bombay ... Rs. 80,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay ... ... £ 4,40,000
Bar Gold to Bombay ... ... £ 70,000
Sovereign to Bombay ... ... £ 40,000
Gold to Calcutta ... ... £ 50,000

MANCHESTER, September 30.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL— Bales.
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot ... Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ... Unsettled.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market ... Firm.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ... 6,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp 300
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ... 300
Do. Day's Imports 2,000
Mid Americans ... ... 7-61—1
Egyptian F. G. F. ... ...11 7-2—1-8

	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.
Cotton Delivery	7-13	7-09	7-07	7-07	7-08
Mid Uplands	—8	—8	—8	—8	—8
G. O. C.					

	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.
Liverpool	7-10	7-10	7-10
	—8	—8	—8

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist ... 11 3-8
George Mayalls Yarn ... 11 1-4

NEW YORK, September 30.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 77,000
Do. Last year 62,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 46,000
Do. Exports to Continent 37,000
Spot Cotton ... ...13-75 unchgd
Futures at New York Oct. 13-55— 1 } Advanced on favourable cables and declined later owing to commission house liquidation.
Do do Dec. 13-73+ 3 }

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ... 13 1-2+1-13
Futures at New Orleans Oct. ... 13-64+9
Do at New Orleans Dec ... 13-90+7
Closing tone of Futures—Steady.
Cotton Stock in London ... 7,210 Bales.
Week's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...361,000
Do Exports to Great Britain ...141,000
Do Exports to Continent ...110,000
Do Exports to Japan 2,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports ...880,000
Do. of Cotton at Interior Ports ...136,000

London, September 30.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

F. G. F. Tinnevelly O.I.F. Liverpool ... 6 1-2
Buyer or Sellers,—Sellers.
Months—Oct.-Nov.
Fair Red Coconada C. I. F. London ... 6 16-32
Coconada Ginned C. I. F. London ... 6 24-32
G. M. Western C. I. F. London ... 6 8-32

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 35 1-4
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Manchester.
Tone—Steady.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 45 3-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 44 2-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs ex-ship... ... ... 39 1-4
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Dull.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 74 1-2
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Done.
Tone of Linseed.—Flat.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata 67
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Port—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Nominal.

COFFEE.

New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 11

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags, ... 13 3-4
Months of Shipment, Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 6-3—Value.—Steady.

METAL.

Copper Braziers ... ... — £ 66 3-4
Yellow Metal ... ... d 5 15-16

ARRIVAL.

"Australien."

BOMBAY, October 1.

EXCHANGE.

The market was firm and opened at T. T. 1s. 4 1-32d, demand 1s. 4 1-16d. and 3 months' sight credits at 1s. 4 9 32d.

We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 1-32d.
D. D. Mail ... ... 1s. 4 1-16d.
T. T. Forward ... ... 1s. 4 3-32d Dec.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits 3 m/s ,, ... 1s. 4 3-32d.
,, ,, Forward ... ...1s. 4 5-16d. Nov.
,, 6 m/s Ready ... ... 1s. 4 7-16d.
France 3 m/s ,, ... 171
Marks 3 m/s ,, ... 139
60 d/s. Hongkong 133 3-4
,, Shanghai 181
,, Japan 149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market opened at 94-1 ready and 94 per cent. forward and has declined to 93-15 and 93-14 respectively.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London was 1s. 16d. up at 24 7-8s. for ready and 24 15-16s. for forward. New York also advanced by 1s. 8d. at 54.

Bar silver in London was 1-16 up and closed at 24 7-8. New York was 1-8 up at 54.

Business in silver in the local market was done at Rs. 72-7, but there being sellers at the price the rate dropped to Rs. 72-5.

The gold market was firm ; local and uncountry demand was moderate. Shield sovereigns inquiry being limited price declined half an anna.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
8 touch Fakirsett	23	8	0
97 touch Chinta	23	7	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch	24	0	0
National Bank	24	1	3
Chartered Bank	24	0	6
Sovereigns Shield	15	2	6
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	9
English Gold	24	0	6
Native Bullion	24	0	0
Indian Specie Bank	24	0	6

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny 72 4 0
117 Penny Ready 72 3 0
Local per tola 0 11 3

FUTURES.

First Settlement 72 5 0
Second do 72 4 0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed:—Market dull. On account of a decline in London quotation and reports of good monsoon price declined by 4 annas.

Rapseed.—Market quiet. Stock in the local bazar is great and tendency of the market is on the decline.

Wheat—Firm. Forward rates advanced by one anna.

Mowrassed, Cottonseed and Castorseed.—Firm.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	Rs. 13 12 0
Linseed, Small ...	,, 13 8 0
Linseed, Brown ...	,, 12 14 0
RAPESEED—	
Brown Delhi ...	,, 6 5 0
Brown Cawnpore ...	,, 6 4 0
Yellow do. ...	,, 7 2 0
Do. Gujerat ...	,, 7 7 0
Brown Katni ...	,, 7 4 0
Poppyseed ...	,, 10 2 0
Castorseed ...	,, 40 8 0
WHEAT—	
Pissi ...	,, 33 to 35
Hard Red ...	,, 31 to 32
GINGELLYSEED—	
Yellow Hingaughat ...	,, 54 to 55
Rai Khandesh— ...	,, 70 to 80
Mowrassed ...	,, 7 12 0
Groundnuts ...	,, 44 0 0
Cottonseed ...	,, 25 to 27
Maize ...	,, 19 to 20
Wheat Yellow ...	,, 40 to 42
Khandwa ...	,, 40 to 45
Bajaro ...	,, 27 to 30
Joowar ...	,, 21 to 22
Gram ...	,, 22 to 26
Minbara ...	,, 54 to 56
Brown Jubbulpore ...	,, 49 to 50
Brown Mogi ...	,, 49 to 50
Kabra ...	,, 56 to 57
Black Kutni ...	,, 46 to 47
Myrabollamis ...	,, 19 to 20

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Friday, 30th September 1910 :—

Wheat	16,175 cwts
Linseed	3,182 ,,
Rapeseed	16,307 ,,
Gingellyseed	1,199 ,,
Poppyseed	1,454 ,,
Groundnuts	81 ,,
Castorseed	10,880 ,,
Rice...	3,632 ,,
Myrabollams	490 ,,
Cottonseed	1,158 ,,
Mowrassed	201 ,,
Gram	1,593 ,,
Joowar	1,781 ,,
Maize	14 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bombay 1,527 1-2
India 64 1-2
Indian Specie... 53

MILLS.

David 383 1-4
Manockji Petit 2,925

PRESSES.

New Mofussil 900
Manmar Press 305

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ... 106 to 107
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference ... 166 1-2
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ... 270
Colaba Land and Mill 1,120
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ... 16
Bombay Burmah Trading Corp ... 510 Sellers.

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Dholka 113
Ahmedabad-Prantej 612 1-2
Tapti Valley 472 1-2

COTTON.

100	Colaba Land Mills ...	Shenabad ...	240
110	W Wolf & Sons ...	Broach ...	317
1000	Carrimbhai ...	Bengal ...	252 to 257
100	do ...	Aghra ...	260 new
100	do ...	Wadhvan ...	285
100	do ...	Patdi ...	280
100	Madras Utel Mills ...	Parbhani ...	260
100	E Spinner & Co ...	Khandesh Fine...	265 Jan
200	Ralli Bros ...	Khandesh Fine...	265 Jan
500	Ralli Bros ...	Akola-Kham ...	277 Jan
100	Forbes Forbes & Co...	Khandesh Fine...	265 Jan
100	A Blaschek & Co ...	Akola-Kham ...	277 Jan
100	Curla Mills ...	Barshi ...	295
100	Jubilee Mills ...	Haldha ...	290
100	Madhowji Lh Mills ...	Nazpur ...	290
100	do ...	Mathia ...	106

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Friday, 30th September, 1910 :—

	Bales,
Khandesh	..... ,,
Central India	..... ,,
Barsi and Nagar	..... ,,
Berar	..... ,,
Central Provinces	..... ,,
Comras...	..... ,,
Dholera	141 ,,
Broach...	..... ,,
Coompta and Dharwar	193 ,,
Westerns	..... ,,
Bengals (N W. P.)... ...	19 ,,
Bengal Rajputana	..... ,,
Sind	..... ,,
Persian	..... ,,
American	..... ,,
Other Sorts	..... ,,
Total...	433 ,,

LIVERPOOL, October 1.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Easier.
Estimated Sales	4,000
Total Imports	17,000
Future Delivery Prices :—	
Oct.-Nov.	7-23+10
Nov.-Dec.	7-19+10
Dec.-Jan.	7-18+11
Jan.-Feb.	7-18+11
Feb.-Mar.	7-19+11
Mar.-Apl.	7-21+11
Apl.-May	7-21+11
May-June	7-23+11
June-July	7-20 New

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Friday, September 30.

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions	Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
81 Bars ...	1,50,000	.....	.....
3 Bundles ...	.....	3,300	.....
Importers.		Vessel,	From
Chartered Bank of India A. and China ...		Salsette	London
M Mackertich & Co ...		Lhasa	C, Mandvi

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY

By rail on 29th Sept. 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	10	11,942
B, B, & C. I. Railway ...	26	30,996

LONDON, October 1.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols ... ... 80 3-16—1-16
3 per cent. Rentes ... ... 97 1-4 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ... ... 93+1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Government Securities 63 unchgd
Bar Silver in London ... ... 24 15-16+1-16
Do. 2 months hence... 24 15-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.
Silver in New York ... ... 54 1-8+1-8
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs— 25-23 1-2—1
Do. Berlin ... 20-45+1
Do. New York ... 4-86 1-4—1-4
Discount Bank of England Rate 4 p.c. since 29 9-10
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight...3 11-16 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight. 3 5-8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months... 4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months... 4 1-4 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans ... ... 2 1-4 unchgd
Do. of day market loans ... ... 2 1-2 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ...77-9 unchgd
Amount Withdrawn from Bank of England 1,350,000
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Banks buying rate) ... 1-3-15-16 unchgd

MANCHESTER, October 1.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spots... ... ... Good demand.
Futures ... ... Steady.
East Indian ... ... Quiet.
Manchester ... ... Steady.
Total Sales 7,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export 300
Imports 12,000
Mid-Americans ... ... 7-67+6
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown ... ... 11 7-8 unchgd

	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.
Cotton Delivery	7-27	7-24	7-22
Mid. Uplands	+14	+15	+15
	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
	7-22	7-23	7-25
G. O. C.	+15	+15	+15
	A.-M.	M.-J.	J. J.
Liverpool	7-25	7-26	7-24
	+15	+15	New

Grey Shirtings, 41-42 in. 38 yds 16 by 15 8-4
Do. 44 in. 38-38 1-2 yds. 9 lbs. at 8-9
White Shirtings 40-41 in. 40 yds 18 square at 10-3
Do. Nainsooks 43 in. 40 yds. 22 by 21 at 6-5

LONDON, October 1.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Sales	32,000
Do. Speculation	1,000
Do. Exportation	1,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	4,000
Do. Actual Export	3,000
Do. Import of the Week	53,000
Do. Stock	275,000
Surat week's Sales	600
Do. Indian Speculation	.....
Do. Exportation	.....
Do. Forwarded Consumers	2,400
Do. Actual Exports	300
Do. Week's Imports	2,000
Do. Stocks	23,000
Afloat Americans	21,000
Do. Indian	60,000

NEW YORK, October 1.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 46,000
Do Last year 62,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 63,000
Do. Exports to Continent 84,000
Spot Cotton— ... 13-75 unchgd
Futures at New York ..... } Advanced on spinners reported to be bidding more freely and expected heavy exports.
Dec. 13-82+ 8
Do at New York .....
Mar. 13-98 New
NEW ORLEANS.—
Spot Cotton ... ... 13 9-16+1-13
Futures—Month of Dec. ... 13-76+10
Do. do. Mar. ... 13-98 New
Closing Tone of Futures—Steady.
Cotton Stock in London—
Do. Total Visible Supply 1,570,000
Do. Total Visible Supply East Indian ... 1,37,000
Do. Quantity in Sight 1,160,000

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Victorian 33 1-2
Months—Oct.
Buyers, etc—Sellers.
Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs C.I.F. 36 1-2
Do Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do Name of Ports—London.
Do Whether Sellers.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship. ... 45 3-4
Do. Months—Oct. Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp,
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 44 3-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs. ex-ship 39 1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Quiet.
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 74
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Nominal.
Tone of Linseed.—Quiet.
Laplata—69 1-2 Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp—Sellers.

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio No. 7 quality. 11

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags, ... 13
Months of Shipment, Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Dull.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 6-2 Sellers.—Dull

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 27th Sept. 1910, as compared with the statement of 20th Sept, 1910:—

LIABILITIES.	September 20, Rs.	a.	p.	September 27, Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up.	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund..	1,73,00,000	0	0	1,73,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c	1,77,33,634	9	9	1,93,12,232	12	7
Other Deposits, &c	17,86,51,476	4	1	17,75,40,113	5	8
Bank Post Bills. &c.....	16,52,995	12	6	21,93,693	3	10
Sundries	13,12,525	4	4	13,56,514	5	7
Rs ..	23,66,50,631	14	8	23,77,00,553	11	8

ASSETS.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Govt. Securities other authorized Investments ..	2,78,26,915	0	0	2,77,48,410	0	0
Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities	87,27,086	0	0	84,07,876	0	0
Accounts of Credit on do ...	3,34,40,656	5	0	3,45,82,616	4	5
Bills discounted, &c	3,69,14,149	1	5	3,90,31,392	0	1
Balances with other Banks ...	3,57,23,820	8	5	3,86,22,048	15	11
Bullion	50,62,358	14	0	58,44,630	5	2
Dead Stock.....	21,79,473	2	0	21,80,425	1	0
Stamps	11,321	8	9	11,424	12	2
Sundries	2,62,921	0	1	2,36,413	0	5
	15,31,48,701	8	6	15,66,65,236	7	2
Cash, &c., at... Head Office...	8,35,01,930	6	2	8,10,35,317	4	6
Cash, &c., at... Branches	23,66,50,631	14	8	23,77,00,553	11	8

LIABILITIES.

Government Balance at Head Office	Rs. 3,99,741	Increase.
Government Balance at Branches	11,78,857	Do.
Other Deposits	11,11,863	Decrease.
Post Bills	5,40,698	Increase.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments.....	3,97,715	Decrease.
Loans.....	11,41,960	Increase.
Accounts of Credit	8,82,757	Decrease.
Mercantile Bills	28,98,228	Increase.
Cash at Head Office	36,17,756	Decrease.
Cash at Branches	11,51,142	Increase.

Percentage 40-43.

PREPARATIONS are going on apace in Benares for the Viceroy's visit and a full programme of His Excellency's visit there will be shortly announced.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot 88, Farringdon Road, London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

WHITE—September 25, at the Palms, San Thome, Madras, of heart failure, Euphemia LeMoine White widow of the late Thomas Ramsay Alexander White, of Belhaven, Dunbao, Scotland, and daughter, of the late Captain George Preston Rundle, R N, of Ashmanbaugh, rfolk, in her 72nd year.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Corporation 3-40 p. m.
University Senate, adjourned Meeting, 5-45 p. m.
"Steele Payne, Fellringers," Empire Theatre, 9 30 p. m.

Maxim : "The man who practices all he preaches cuts his sermons short."—DALLAS NEWS.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of September was 583 of whom 467 were males and 116 females.

TRAM ACCIDENT.—Mr. W. MacDowell, of the Bombay Telegraphs, was admitted into the St. George's Hospital suffering from injuries to his head and back received by his accidentally falling down from an electric tram car at Colaba.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Marooti Beheroo, an old Hindu of 60 was sleeping in his room on Friday night a kerosine lamp which was hung over his bed accidentally fell on him and his clothes took fire. He was very seriously burnt and was taken to the hospital where he succumbed to the injuries.

CONFISCATED BOOKS.—Detective Inspector Cowasji Pettigara seized 1,488 copies of the took called "Shrinivasrao' by virtue of a warrant issued by Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate. The book was printed in Vijaya Press, Girgaon, by the Hind Agency, which firm had printed two thousand copies in all. The language is Marathi.

POSTAL NOTICE:—Commencing from Saturday the 8th October, the English Mail will be shipped from the Apollo Bunder. The latest hour of posting for this mail at the Apollo Bunder Post office and at the Bombay General Post Office will be 12-30 p.m. and 1 p.m. respectively as at present ; but letters prepaid with a late letter fee of two annas will be received at the Bombay General Post Office upto 1-45 p.m., at the Apollo Bunder Post office upto 2 p.m., and on board the outgoing steamer up to the actual hour of sailing which is ordinarily 2-30 p.m.

ENTERTAINMENT TO MR. JUSTICE RAO.—An evening entertainment was given last evening to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gunpat Sadashiv Rao on his being appointed a Judge of the Bombay High Court, in the Hall of the Elephinstone High School by the Pathare Prabhu community of which Mr. Rao is a member. A large member of ladies and gentlemen of the Prabhu and other committees attended in response to the invitation issued by Messrs. Raghunath Narn Kothare, Harishchandra Sadashiv Nayak and Narayan Gajanan Gayakar, Honorary Secretaries of the entertainment committee.

MR. LIMJI N. BANAJI.

The following is a brief account of the career of Mr. Limji N. Banaji, who retired from his office of prothonotary of the High Court on Saturday :—Mr. Limji is the grandson of the late philanthropist and public leader, Mr. Framji Cawasji Banaji. His father, Mr. Naoroji Nanabhoy Framji, who died in the beginning of the year 1878, was a Normal school of the late Elphinstone Institution, and started several public educational institutions and maintained at his own expense for several months one of the schools opened by the Students' Literary and Scientific Society in 1849. He was a staunch Freemason, and presented a plot of land at Byculla for a building to be erected by the Lodge Rising Star, the proceeds of which were ultimately utilized towards the erection of the Banqueting Hall in the new Masonic Hall at the Esplanade, which Hall has been known as the Framji Cawasji Banqueting Hall. Mr. Limji was called to the Bar on 7th November 1869. In April 1871, he received his first appointment in the High Court as Acting Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Deputy Registrar of the Court of Admiralty. He held the post for six months, at the termination of which, on 11th January 1872, late Chief Justice Sir Michael Westropp complimented him at the rising of the Court in the following words :—"As Mr. Charles Bantley has returned from Europe and relieved Mr. Limji Naoroji Banaji as clerk to Mr. Justice Bayley and first Deputy Registrar, I wish to acknowledge publicly the excellent manner in which he has performed his duties. He has performed them to the satisfaction of the Court, and with courtesy to the suitors, and, I may add, to the complete satisfaction of Mr. Justice Bayley." Mr. Limji thereafter held acting appointments as Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking affidavits. The same year on the proposition of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia C.I.E., seconded by Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji, Mr. Limji was appointed a member of the Managing Committee for raising a testimonial in honour of the late philanthropist, Mr. Rustamji Jamshedjee Jejeebhoy. In August 1872, Mr. Limji was appointed Acting First Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking affidavits. On 15th November 1873 he was appointed Head Assistant to the Prothonotary, High Court, and on 10th August 1876, was appointed Deputy Registrar of the High Court. On 1st March 1882, he was appointed Acting Judge of the Small Causes Court at Ahmedabad, and in July 1883, he was again brought to the High Court as Acting Deputy Registrar, High Court and Commissioner for taking affidavits. On March 1886 he was made a Justice of the Peace. On 23rd August 1887, he was appointed Prothonotary of the Original Side and Registrar of the High Court. In April 1890, he was appointed Acting 4th Judge of the Bombay Court of Small Causes, and in August 1892 he again reverted to the Post of Acting Prothonotary and Registrar, High Court. On 13th June 1898, he was appointed Prothonotary and Testamentary and Admiralty Registrar, which appointment he held up to first evening last to the entire satisfaction of Attorneys and Counsel and of the suitors of the High Court. Sir Lawrence Jenkins took advantage of his vast experience of the practice on the Original Side of the High Court in framing the new Rules applicable to the said Court. Mr. Limji was appointed as a Receiver in several important cases by the High Court and also acted as Official Liquidator for winding up a number of public companies. Only a few months ago he was complimented by Mr. Justice Davar on the ability with which he had drawn up a scheme as a Special Commissioner appointed by His Lordship for the election of trustees to the Parsee Panchayet community.

THE SKATING RINK.

Mr. Soundy made an excellent start with his new skating rink in Fort Street on Saturday. A large crowd was present and the arrangements being admirable, and the floor excellent, every body's enjoyment was complete.

The interior of the building was tastefully decorated and a band played excellent music throughout the evening.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemists and get a bottle of MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

Sir Lawrence Jenkins' Scholarship.

A MEETING of the Senate of the Bombay University was held in the Sir Cowasji Jehangier Hall, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayen Ganesh Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor, presiding.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SCHOLARSHIP.

Under the existing rules it was impossible for Medical Students to take the M B, B. S Degree before they are 22 years old and the age of limit fixed for elegibility for Government of India scholarship completely shuts out all medical students from the benefit of it. The Bombay University requested Government to move the Secretary of State for India to raise the minimum qualifying age for the scholarship to 24 or 25 in the case of medical graduates only. In reply to this Government have informed the University that the Government of India have sanctioned the proposal and the age limit of 22 years is raised to 24 years in case of medical graduates only of the Bombay University. On the motion of Dr. Meyer, it was resolved to make the necessary change in the regulations of the Scholarship.

Lieut.-Col. Meyer next moved "That the Government Laboratory, Parel, and the Bombay Veterinary College, Parel, be removed from the list of Laboratories recognized for the practical courses for the Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Hygiene."

This resolution was deemed necessary as the two instituttions expressed their inability to undertake to give the course of Laboratory instruction in the subjects of bacteriology, parasitology, and pathology of animal diseases and asked their names to be omitted from the list of recognised institutions for the purpose.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF THE PROCEDURE.

The next business was the consideration of the desirability of so modifying Regulation 49 as to permit of amendments being moved without previous notice at a Meeting of the Senate with the unanimous consent of the meeting.

In this connection Mr. Natrajan moved that the following sentence be added at the end of Regulation 49 (pp. 44, 45 of the Calendar for 1909-10) :—"Amedments of which notice has not been only given as required in this Regulation, can nevertheless be moved at a Meeting at which the motion to which they relate is being considered, provided no Member present object to their being brought forward."

Mr. L. A. Shah moved as an amendment :—That the words "and provided the Vice-Chancellor, or in his absence, the Chairman of the Meeting think it proper to allow them to be brought forward" be added after the last word of the proposition.

The Vice Chancellor vacated the chair which was taken by Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar, the senior Fellow present, to speak to the proposal. The Vice Chancellor was against the proposal and he urged its rejection.

Sir Narayen then took back the chair and the discussion proceeded.

On being put to vote the amendment was lost.

Dr. Accacio G. Viegas then moved the following amendment :—Omit all the words after the word 'provided' and substitute the following words : "that, on the mover reading out his amendment or amendments to the meeting without any remarks whatsoever, prefatory or supplementary, five members stand up in token of their support thereof, failing which the amendment or the amendments shall drop and the mover resume his seat."

The next business on the agenda was the consideration of the desirability of so revising the standard for passing the Previous, Intermediate Arts, Intermediate Science, B. A. and B. Sc. Examinations as to empower the Meeting of Examiners to pass a candidate who may have failed in one subject only provided he has obtained an aggregate of at least 40 per cent. of the total marks.

On the motion of Principal Covernton the necessary change in the regulation was decided upon.

On the motion of Lt. Col. Meyer, the Senate decided: The transference to the Previous Examination of University scholarships at present attached to the Matriculation Examination which are tenable at the Grant Medical College.

The Senate also decided the transference to the Examinations for the M.B., B.S. Degrees of the Endowments at present attached to the Examination for the Degree of L. M. and S.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalvad it was resolved.

That the offer of Rs. 14,000 in 3 1-2 per cent. Government Promissory Notes from the Honorary Secretary, Sir Lawrence Jenkins Memorial Fund, for the foundation of a legal Scholarship in the name of the Honourable Sir Lawrence Jenkins, K. C. I. E., be accepted with the best thanks of the Senate.

This Scholarship, is designated "The Sir Lawrence Jenkins Scholarship" of the value of Rs. 225 per annum and tenable for two years, be awarded annually by the Syndicate to the Candidate who passes the Examination for the Degree of M. A. with the highest number of marks from among the Candidates for the Scholarship on condition that he prosecutes his studies for the Degree of LL.B. at a School of Law affiliated to this University.

The Senate then proceeded to consider an offer of Rs. 10,000 in 3 per cent. Government Promissory Notes from Rao Bahadur Sitaram Vishwanath Patwardhan for the foundation of a biennial Scholarship in the name of his late son, Pralhad, to be awarded to the candidate who may pass the B.A. Examination with the highest number of marks in Logic and Moral Philosophy from among the candidates having Marathi as their mother tongue.

The offer was accepted.

THE L. M. & S. EXAMINATION.

On the motion of Lieut-Col. Meyer it was decided that the L.M. & S. Examination be held for the last time in October in 1912 and for the last time in November in 1913.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have declared that Friday, 30th September should be regarded as a Non Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Investigator...Lieut Danson ..Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Palinurus.....Lieut Danson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Lawrence.....Comde Mills ..... R I M
R I M S Minto..... Lt Comdr G H S Latouche...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 1.

Balimba.....1607 Butler ..... M M & Co
Banca.....3794 Collyer .....P & O S N & Co
Birmingham.....2612 Carter ....
Caithness .....2222 Proctor ...W & A Graham & Co
Colombo Maru.....2920 Combs ..... N Y Kaisha
Clan Mackay.....1658 Leslie ...James ...Finlay & Co
Khasrou .....2410 Beard .....B & P S N & Co
Linga.....951 Cuthush ..... M M & Co
Madura.....1273 Bamber ..... M M & Co
Majed .....2522 Hallet .....E & A M Jeewanji
Nadir.....2041 Elliot .....T Morrison & Co
Haifa.....502 Willoughley .... B & H S N & Co
Milwaukee.....4183 Smith... Hull,Barrow-in-Furness 30 9...W & A Graham & Co
Barque Brilliant...3069 Morrison ...Standard Oil & Co
Virawa.....3176 Bennett ..... M M & Co
Warora .....2365 Dickinson ..... M M & Co
Zoroaster.....2376 Wickham .....

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 1.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
C & B Merton Hall.....	3773	Prowse...	Karachi...	3 10...	Killick Nixon & Co
F Singa	1312	Morrison ...	Bangoon...	5-10...	Shaw Wallace & Co
G Islami ..1605	Green...	Jeddah ...	4 10...	B & P S N & Co	
H Hild.....	719	Salvison ...	Bangkok ...	4-10	F P Campbell & Co
K Harpagus 3671	Johnson.....	Antwerp ...	5 10...	W & A Graham & Co	
M Budrie...1613	Jones...	Jeddah...	5 10...	G Jeewanji & Sons	
N Valdura..... 3504	McDougall...	Philedelphia...	4 10...	E A Willis	
O Mohammadi.....1251	Geddis ...	Darasalam ...4 10...		B & P S N & Co	
P Ava'a 2385	Canham	Dunkirk ..4-10...		W & A Graham & Co	

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Shah Ameer.....1922 Halse ...Mauritius...8 10... B & H S N & Co
2 Circassia .....4326 Osborne.....Liverpool .. 15-10 W & A Graham & Co
4 Candidate..6826 Booth ..... Antwerp...8 10... Killick Nixon & Co
6 Marca .....4437 Adams..... Dunkirk ...8 10... K Nixon & Co
7 Warturm ... 3127 Schmidt ..... Karachi...6 10... W & A Graham & Co
10-11 Knight of the Thistle....4286 Brown.... Dunkirk 8 10...Killick Nixon & Co
12&13 Arabia .....4093 Palmer... London ...8 10... P & O S N Co
15 Kingcraig ...2562 Reid ..... Cochin .....4-10 Killick Nixon & Co

M W D D

Shah Jehan .....2566 Born .....Jeddah ....8 10 .. B & H S N & Co

H W P D

Indravati... ...513 Fakeera...Karachi ..1 10 .....Bo S N Co Ld
Satrunji.....547 Esmail.....Repairing... Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani .....552 Hoosein .....Bunder .....1 10... Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati .....699 Fakeera...N F...N F Bo S N Co Ld

H W V D

Linga..... ..... 951 Cutbush..... Karachi ..3-10 M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Vessels.	Commanders.	From
Linga	Cutbush	Kchi, Sept 29
Zoroaster	Wickham.....	Calcutta, Sept 19
Clan Mackay	Leslie	P Victoria, Sept 25
Circassia	Osborne	Glasgow

DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
Salsette	Lewellin	Aden
Lochtay	Stephens	Calcutta
Clan Fraser.....	Porterfield ...	Chittagong
Mackgraf	Thie	Zanzibar
Africa	Siberian	Trieste

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—

Steamer Nera, for Marseilles.
" Singa, for Rangoon.
" Colombo Maru, for China.
" Circassia, for Liverpool, etc.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 1.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—23 cwts fishmaws and 190 cwts deer horns, J M Rehmtoola; 120 cwts condimants M Poonjiaji and Sons; 15 bales skins, R M Kooka; 8 bales carpets, Latham and Co; 102 cwts gum, P Jaithabhoy.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Nera s—9 bales carpets, Latham and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Harpagus s—999 cwts linseed, S Cooverji and Co; 8,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 967 cwts tin scraps, Indo Burmah Petroleum and Co; 8,000 cwts rapeseed, L Reyrus and Co; 1,037 cwts castorseed, Parikh Bros and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Marca s—2,100 cwts myrabolams, A Khimji; 4,000 cwts rapeseed, Volkert Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Marca s—2,000 cwts poppyseed, Volkert Bros.
Avala s—4,000 cwts rapeseed and 4,000 cwts poppyseed, Volkert Bros.

FOR HULL.

Milwaukee s—71 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR HONGKONG.

Colombo Maru s—450 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 1,000 bales twist, C Ezrahin and Co; 1,000 bales twist, S J David and Co; 1,200 bales twist, M M Ebrahimjoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Colombo Maru s—50 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 200 bales twist, M M Ebrahimjoy.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 2nd October 1910.
(Differences in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	1	4	45 p.m.	19	30
Teheran ...	2	10	45 a.m.	1	5
Suez	2	12	40 p.m.	0	56

LAWRENCE & MAYO.
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

HEAD OFFICES:—
67 and 69, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON.
OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

FRESH FLOWERS.

BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, made to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Foliage plants, palms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.

SORABJEE A. M. ERANEE,
Adelphi Hotel Compound, Clare Road,
Near Parsee Statue, Byculla.

BUNGALOWS,
From Rs. 150.
FLATS,
From Rs. 40.
OFFICES,
From Rs. 15.
SHOW ROOMS,
From Rs. 100.
GODOWNS,
From Rs. 30.
All Requirements Suited.

LUARD BARRINGTON & CO.,
HOUSE & ESTATE AGENTS,
55, HORNBY ROAD,
FORT.
P. O. BOX No. 239.

AQUILA TONIC.

(Bases: Phosphates and Vegetable Albumen.) Refreshes the tired Brain; vitalizes the systems; restores lost Memory, and Health shattered through overexertion or through "excesses."

MASTER BUILDER
of impaired Tissues and dedish Nerves. A marvellous BRAIN FOOD.
Per Bottle, Rs. 3-8.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.....	6 8 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4 12 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.....	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg	4 3 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

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SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the atest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 65, Marine Lines, Bombay.

PIANOS
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On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 3rd October, 1910.

THE APPROACHING CENSUS.

THE appointment of Mr. P. J. Mead to have charge of the Census operations of the Bombay Presidency was gazetted last week, but as a matter of fact Mr. Mead has been busy with preparations for some time past and already the preliminary arrangements are well advanced. On the last occasion Mr. Eathoven was in charge of the operations, with Mr S. M. Edwardes as his deputy for Bombay city. At the coming Census, however, Bombay City requires no special officer, for the work was so completely done then, and so many thither to unknown data revealed, that little more than ordinary enumeration and classification is now desired. The work of numbering the people in this country is much more strenuous than in Great Britain, yet even there operations have been begun in anticipation of 1911, Mr. G. Y. Bisset-Smith, the Registration Examiner, has laid himself out to enlighten the people who will fill in next year's forms, for those who were youths and adolescents in 1901 are heads of families now and upon them will fall the duty of filling in forms for the first time. Even in England the Census-taker is regarded with some degree of suspicion, for human memory is short and superstition vigorous. In England the work is simpler than here, because births and deaths are more accurately recorded daily. They have a less heterogeneous population and little more than mere enumeration is necessary. But owing to the inconstancy of industrial conditions, the fluctuations of population are more frequent to-day than in former decades. Estimates of the population in particular localities, made upon the basis of the increase shown at the last Census are, accordingly, apt to be erroneous and the amount of error tends to increase in the decennium. In France the Census is taken every five years and England contemplates following that example. It will be remembered too that in Bombay, owing to the abnormal conditions of 1901, it was felt that, a few years later, the returns did not show the approximate population of that date and an intermediate Municipal Census was taken by the Health Officer, who will again supervise the enumeration of the City.

Whether we need a quinquennial Census for India is doubtful. In ancient Rome it was found necessary, for the main object of the Roman Census was to ascertain what a man was worth for purposes of assessment. The quinquennial registering and rating of the "assidui" in ancient Rome has also a connection with recruiting for the Army and the exercise of political rights. The "proletarii" being excluded, it was not a complete enumeration of the people, but it was taken every five years and it may be that the suspicion with which the enumerator is regarded to-day is a survival of that time, for the illiterate or imperfectly educated still hesitate about giving all the information required by them, but perchance the tax-collector wants more money from them or the recruiting sergeant has an eye to one of the sons. In this country suspicion is keener and the imagination suggests that the Sirkar has need of a dozen or so men here and there to bury alive beneath the foundations of some new bridge. Possibly if we had a quinquennial Census, superstition in this respect might diminish, for ten years is a long time to a man under thirty, long enough to forget anything that occurred then, though doubtless there are many who attribute some subsequent misfortune to the visit of the man with a mysterious book and inkhorn. However, by the recruitment of a sufficiency of intelligent and tactful youths, the pick of the student class, many difficulties have been overcome in the enumeration of India and it is certain that similar means of accomplishing the count will be adopted six months hence. For by it alone can the people be made to understand that it is but their number and their classification which is wanted and that the Sirkar has no ulterior motives; for unrest has sprung up since last enumeration and the law-abiding villager and cultivator may eye the enumerator with greater suspicion than ever, in fear and trembling it may be that an attempt is being made to bring them to trial for association with seditionists and renegades.

As to the ages of the people, the more accurate these are recorded the better for those in medical charge of the country, for health returns would then be of more value. But it is impossible to obtain even more than an approximate idea of the lower classes for the simple reason that they do not know and do not care. Even in England there is less accuracy on this point than would be imagined. Mr. Bisset-Smith points out that changes in proportions of age and sex are of fundamental importance in regulating the strength development and character of a nation. The difference in value to society between a man and a child recently entered upon existence being so obviously great and incalculable, it is very necessary to have ages stated. Statistics as to age were only attempted for the first time in England in 1821; and the answering of the question was then optional. But the attempt was so unsuccessful that, except for the ancient and Biblical division into those under and those over twenty years, no notice was taken of age in the following Census of 1831. Ten years later the statement as to age was made compulsory, but even then and since, it is found that in the matter of age a slight element of fiction appears now and then in the schedules. Careful study, it is unblushingly alleged, reveals that there are more of the fair sex aged about twenty-five than can be accounted for by the birth-registers. Women of twenty-five in 1901, must have been fifteen in 1891, according to Mr. Bisset-Smith's elaborate calculation; but the women entered in the returns as twenty-five exceed the young girls of fifteen, of whom they should be only the naturally diminished survivors. Yet one who gives incorrect information to an enumerator or makes a false statement on a schedule is liable to a fine of five pounds; besides running the risk of an entry by the Recording Angel. Still small allowances for the defective feminine memory must be made, though it would be a great salve to their consciences if they were permitted to reply as their Eastern sisters are, "Mallum nahin."

DR. MASINA'S HOSPITAL.

THE annual report is again published of that excellent institution, Dr. Masina's Hospital, and concerning last year the Doctor remarks that, as his returns of patients will show, the hospital, though not intended for Parsees exclusively, is practically a Parsee General Hospital and there being no other in the City, is thus fulfilling a most useful purpose. During the year 645 Parsees were admitted, 315 in the general department and 330 in the midwifery department, also 61 Christians, 45 Hindoos and 31 Mahomedans. The total number of admissions, 782, was the highest since 1906 and compares with an average of 765 over the last five years. The paid staff of the Hospital was maintained at a greater strength than in former years with a relatively greater increase in the expenditure. This was due to the addition of a paid Resident Medical Officer and Assistant to the Principal Medical Officer and an Assistant Physician. The steady development of the Pathological Laboratory has not only materially added to the efficiency of clinical work and the treatment of patients in the Hospital, but has also begun to extend its sphere of usefulness to the public outside the Hospital. Owing to want of a full-time assistant the "X" Ray and Electrical Department of the Hospital has not been able to do the same amount of satisfactory work as the Pathological Department. However, efforts are being made to secure the services of a qualified medical graduate of some experience for this department. Continuing, the report laments that there has been so much delay in getting possession on the lease from Messrs. Tata and Sons, of the plot of ground at Sankli Street, Byculla. The surroundings of the plot have lately been allowed to deteriorate and it is now unsuitable for a hospital site. Consequently the trustees are negotiating with the Improvement Trust for a site containing about 11,000 square yards in Gilder Street on the Agripada Estate. Dr. Masina regards the financial results of the past year as in no way disappointing, although there was still a balance on the wrong side. That however was smaller than usual, the receipts having been Rs. 64,378, compared with a total expenditure of Rs. 70,932. The deficit is thus Rs. 6,554 and is mainly due to the enhanced cost of the medical staff, the increase on this item only being Rs. 4,800. At the close of the year the new building fund amounted to Rs. 2,15,435, against Rs. 1,73,251 in 1908, so that there was an appreciable advance during the year, while at the time of writing the report it had advanced to Rs. 2,17,117.

A NAVAL EXPERIMENT.

A SIGNIFICANT experiment was recently made by the Naval authorities at home, with results, it is reported, which should encourage them to repeat it. Following the example of the Army in holding manœuvres in which territorial troops took part, the Admiralty arranged for the training of a detachment of naval volunteers for a fortnight with the fleet. There were 400 of them, who divided into sections of thirty, were distributed amongst the larger commissioned vessels. The greater part of the training was passed at Weymouth in gunnery and battle practice, and excellent reports are given of the work which was accomplished. Not long ago the orders were that naval volunteers should receive their training on ships manned with nucleus crews only, and the present change indicates a determination on the part of the Admiralty to turn the Naval Volunteer Reserve into a thoroughly effective force capable of taking its place on ships of the fleet in time of war, should it ever be required to do so. In case such a necessity should arise, battle practice at sea is an essential part of the training. On this occasion the experiment seems to have been a great success, the regular sailors of the Fleet giving their volunteer comrades an enthusiastic welcome and doing all they could to assist them in learning their duties. The men were up at about six o'clock each morning, and in addition to assisting with the general work of the ship, were formed into training classes in which they were taught the special duties which could not be learned at headquarters. These included torpedo work, the manipulation of turret guns, the disposition of the ship in general anchor work, "up and mooring boats," and so on. An opportunity was given them to assist in the hauling of Dreadnoughts from lighters, and with the commanders, officers and petty officers assisting, excellent work was accomplished. The "Agamemnon," on which was Lieutenant T. H. Roberts Wray took in 2,000 tons of coal between one o'clock in the afternoon and four o'clock the next morning. At such times clerks and business men worked through the night without a complaint with their faces covered with coaldust. They had to work under absolute service conditions and no doubt benefited very largely from their experience.

MESOPOTAMIAN IRRIGATION.

DETAILS reach us by the last mail of the schems of irrigation which has been entrusted by the Turkish Government to Sir William Willcocks for construction in Mesopotamia. It is on a comprehensive scale and there is little doubt that when it has been completed, Mesopotamia will rapidly become an importrnt factor in the world's grain and cotton supply. It is stated that negotiations have been proceeding for two years, but according to a London correspondent, plans have already been approved for providing an outlet for the excess waters of the Euphrates down one of the old river channels at a cost of £350,000, and on a conservative estimate of the results this should double the area under cultivation and treble the production of wheat along the Euphrates. At present, out of some twelve million acres comprised in the Tigris-Euphrates delta, nine million acres are desert and two and a half millions consist of fresh-water swamps. Surveys are, however, in progress for the construction of a great central canal which will irrigate three million acres, capable, according to the calculations of Sir William Willcocks, of producing evey year a million tons of wheat and a hundred thousand tons of cotton. In addition, the delta is expected to support enormous quantities of sheep and cattle. By June next the complete plans will be ready, but in November estimates are to be submitted to the Turkish Government for the three principal works which have first to be carried out, these being the dam of Hindia and the two drainage canals to the Euphrates; which are to control the rise of the water. As to Mesopotamia's outlet to European, markets, Sir William Willcocks advocates the construction of a railway from Bagdad to the Mediterranean, not by the long and costly route at present projected, but by one via Palmyra and Damascus.

THE Commissioner in Sindh has appointed Mr. H. C. Mules M. V. O., President of the Karachi Municipality.

THE Maharajah of Kashmir leaves Srinagar for Jammu about the 1st of October.

H. H. THE MAHARAJA of Benares has just recovered from a serious illness.

THE Port Commissioners, Rangoon, are raising a loan of six lakhs of rupees at 4 per cent. per annum, repayable in thirty years in connection with the river draining works, which are costing several lakhs.

REGULATIONS respecting the examination of candidates for the Civil Service of India, to be held in England during August, 1911, are published in the current issue of the "Gazette of India."

HIS HIGHNESS the Nizam of Hyderabad has been pleased to subscribe the sum of Rs.5,000 to the fund that is being raised to alleviate the distress caused by the recent floods in Dehra Ghazi Khan.

IT is understood that the Secretary of State has sanctioned a house allowance scheme for Gazetted Officers in Rangoon, upon the lines of the arrangement, which has been in force for some four years past in Calcutta.

THE Punjab Government, by "Gazette" Notification, has declared ten publications as forfeited to His Majesty. Most of the books were published by the Bharat Mata Agency of Ajit Singh and Bande Mataram Agency of Lall Chand Falak, and have been subject of prosecution under the sedition section.

M. ISVOLSKY, according to a Reuter cable, has been appointed Russian Ambassador in Paris.

REUTER says that Lord Kitchener will be best man at the wedding of Sir Archibald Hunter.

LORD ROBERTS, says Reuter, spent his birthday quietly at home in Berkshire. He has received telegrams of congratulation from all over the world.

REUTER wires that the Honour of Knighthood has been conferred on the new Judges, Mr. Avory, Mr. Horridge and Mr. Eldon Bankes.

REUTER cables that Queen Alexandra has presented to the Liverpool Free Library a valuable book, illustrating a collection of arms presented to King Edward by the Princes and Nobles of India.

THE death is announced at Eastbourne, at the advanced age of eighty-seven, of Mrs. Mary Frances MacCartie, widow of the late Rev. J. MacCartie, who served eleven years in India in the 51st Native Regiment, and, afterwards taking Holy Orders, was for seventeen years vicar of Wilton, in Cleveland, Yorkshire. Mrs. MacCartie, had three sons, all of whom died in the service of their country. Lieutenant J. F. MacCartie, of the 25th Punjab Infantry, was killed in Burma in 1887. Captain F. C. MacCartie, C.I.E., held a civil appointment in India, but volunteered for service in South Africa, became adjutant of Kitchener's Horse, and was killed at Driefontein, Captain G. de Courcy MacCartie also volunteered for South Africa and served in Baden-Powell's Police. He was wounded and sent home to England, but on recovering he returned to the seat of war and was killed in 1902, just before peace was declared.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LORD ROSEBERY IN VIENNA.

French Naval Strategy.

A DISTINGUISHED AMBASSADOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, SEPT. 17.

ON Sunday the Earl of Rosebery received the representatives of several Vienna papers, which to-day record his utterances with great satisfaction in their leading articles. To the reporter of the "Neue Freie Presse" Lord Rosebery expressed himself as follows: "I have always avoided touching upon political questions with members of the Press. This much I may, however, say. The relations between the two Powers are inspired by a most friendly spirit, as I have no doubt will be the case in the future. In fact, I cannot imagine any question that could lead to friction between the two countries. Austria-Hungary is a prominently peace-seeking and peace-loving land, always endeavouring to avoid causes of disunion with other Powers, and you are quite right in deeming me a friend of Austria-Hungary. There is no mistake in that." Especially appreciated are Lord Rosebery's remarks to a member of the staff of the "Neues Wiener Tagblatt." He spoke with particular warmth of the Emperor Francis Joseph, and said: "In the actual sense of the word there is nothing political in this mission entrusted to me by the King, although it expresses the deep reverence and affection felt by King George, as by his father, King Edward, and by every English citizen for the exalted person of his Majesty the Emperor Francis Joseph. That Austro-British relations may continue with their old traditional cordiality in full appreciation of our mutual views and interests is the wish, not only of the British people and Government, but also, in the first place, that of King George who in this respect follows loyally in the footsteps of his father. The fact that is permitted to me, as an old friend of the Dual Monarchy to give expression to this wish and hope through this mission, is to me a source of extreme satisfaction."

TRIBUTE TO THE EMPEROR.

Lord Rosebery expressed himself in similar terms to a representative of the Fremdenblatt, saying: "The impression that I received from the exalted personality of the Emperor Francis Joseph was extremely vivid and deep. The Emperor is to-day the first gentleman in Europe. I must here employ an English expression, as the word gentleman has a meaning which no word in any other language can properly convey. Among us in England the Emperor Francis Joseph enjoys the greatest reverence and admiration. We consider him the most important historical personage of our day. Although King George has not had the advantage of an intimate personal knowledge of his Majesty, he entertains for him, nevertheless, the greatest respect and reverence. I sincerely rejoice that the relations between our two countries have again become cordial and friendly, and that the last traces of misunderstanding have entirely disappeared. The Austro-Hungarian monarchy is a powerful factor in international statecraft, and employs its strength in the exercise of moderation. No separating differences of interest exist between us and Austria-Hungary. We are a colonial, you a Continental Power. The history of the two States shows traditional friendly relations which it is my sincere wish may remain undisturbed in all future time."

The "Sonn und Montags Zeitung" says: The manner in which the accession of King George has been notified to the Austro-Hungarian Court, and particularly the choice of the leader of the mission, demonstrate the significant change which has taken place in the attitude of England towards Austria-Hungary. Lord Rosebery, owing to the friendly attitude he has always observed towards Austria-Hungary, enjoys the most sincere sympathy here, not only in Court, but in all political circles, and that he should have been chosen as the head of the mission is an act of courtesy imbued with the greatest political importance. The ill-feeling excited by the annexation of Bosnia-Herzegovina has been dispelled, and the old friendly relations which existed between the two countries may now be regarded as having been re-established.

M. DE NELIDOFF.

I regret to say that M. de Nelidoff, the Russian Ambassador, is in a very alarming condition. M. de Nelidoff is over 70 years of age, but he had until recently been very active and alert. A man of handsome presence, and with many a distinctive feature of the traditional diplomatist, he was always eminently courteous tactful, and correct. It is barely seven years since he was appointed to the Russian Embassy in Paris, in succession to Prince Urussoff, who himself followed Baron Mohrenheim, but, owing to the recent departure of the Spanish Ambassador, the Marquis de Muni, better known perhaps as Senor de Leony Castillo, he had become the Doyen of the Corps Diplomatique, and if my life is spared it is he who will deliver the address to the President of the Republic at the official reception on the next New Year's Day. We are, rather far from the days when wild enthusiasm over the Russian Alliance prevailed, and when Baron Mohrenheim could scarcely make his appearance at some big function without being treated to a discreet ovation. Those were agreeable days for him, his secretaries and attaches, and Russians generally, as Admiral Avelane and his officers could then testify. Since that time this enthusiasm had somewhat sobered down, as usually happens with the march of time. So M. de Nelidoff did not attempt to push himself to the fore, whether in season or, for that matter, out of season either. But none the less has steady attachment to the "friend and ally" prevailed, at least in the high and moderate sections of society, for a discordant note is sometimes raised by Socialists and Revolutionists, and the close official connection has remained unimpaired throughout. M. de Nelidoff has, in fact, played his part well, with the courtesy and dignity to be expected of a gentleman, and with the tact which is inseparable from role of a sound diplomatist. He is very highly esteemed not only by those who are favoured with his friendship and acquaintance, but by the French public at large; and if, as some faint hope may yet be entertained, he gets the better of this crisis, he will certainly remain here to represent his Sovereign. The Tsar, indeed, so thoroughly appreciates M. de Nelidoff's qualities and services that he honoured him with particular marks of his satisfaction when he celebrated his quarter-century of Ambassadorial rank a little more than two years back, and his half-century of a diplomatic career about a twelvemonth ago. M. de Nelidoff was, as a matter of fact, already held in high estimation during his fourteen years' tenure of the Russian Embassy at Constantinople, which he left in 1897 to take up a similar position in Rome, whence in 1903 he was removed to Paris. Highly refined and cultivated, and a thorough man of the world in the best sense of the term, M. de Nelidoff has had in his diplomatic career a devoted partner in his wife nee Princess Knilkoff, whose amiability and distinction are so much appreciated in Parisian society.

FRENCH NAVAL STRATEGY.

An important question has just been raised by M. de Lanessan, who, as a former Minister of Marine, is regarded as an authority on the subject. It is the question of the distribution of the French Fleet in time of peace. M. de Lanessan argues that the whole of the French Fleet ought practically to be concentrated on the northern coasts of the country and not divided as is now the case between them and the Mediterranean. He seems, however rather to base his argument on some misapprehension of facts. Having no longer anything to fear from the English Fleet in the Mediterranean, where Great Britain is obliged to keep large forces for the protection of Egypt, Malta, Cyprus and Gibraltar and against the navies of Germany's allies, it is perfectly evident that the proper place for our most powerful armoured unities is in the North, as it is on the coasts of the Channel and the Atlantic that we have to fear the attacks of the German Fleet. And M. de Lanessan adds that so fully was this realised at the time of the Moroccan crisis that the Navy Council advocated the removal of the Mediterranean squadrons to Brest. The former Minister of Marine seems to forget that the English Mediterranean squadron has of late years been greatly reduced, but his anxiety with regard to the northern coasts is quite explained by the idea which is entertained in many competent quarters, that if war were to break out the German might not content themselves with hurling their armies on the eastern frontier, but might attempt descents on the Norman or Breton coasts, under cover of their fleet. All this suggests some very noteworthy remarks to our contemporary, the "Temps," which, while admitting the value of M. de Lanessan's opinion, points out that the German fleet in the north and those of Austria and Italy in the south are in reality the right and left wings of the forces of the Triple Alliance, and that the safety of Provence cannot be overlooked. The "Temps," indeed, contends that the German fleet would, under existing circumstances, find it a hard matter to traverse the Straits of Dover, and then, too, that England. "To whom we are united as much by mutual sympathy as by unquestionable community of interests, could not remain indifferent to a naval war, the result of which might increase the power of a rival navy. England has already brought nearly the whole of her Fleet to home waters, leaving to France the care of policing the Mediterranean as she does the North Sea." Austria is forging ahead, and so is Italy, and, concludes our contemporary, "it is a matter of the greatest importance to France that their ships should not be able to cut the Toulon-Bizerta line, nor are her chief forces too considerable for such a task." Should M. de Lanessan and those who hold his view eventually again their point, such a decision, I may observe, would have to be seriously considered in England, as it would invitably raise the question of a substantial addition to her Mediterranean Fleet.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

A deputation representing the Commission of the Occumenical Patriarchate called on the Minister of Cults on Monday, to present a reply to a Ministerial note, in which the Government prohibited the meeting of the Greek National Assembly. This meeting was to be held to-morrow to protest against the recent law concerning the Churches in Macedonia. The Minister, Nedjmeddin Bey stated, however, that it was useless to discuss the matter further. The Government had decided to prohibit the meeting, and orders had been given to stop it by force if necessary. Next day a Patriarchal Council was held to decide whether the meeting should take place or not. With a view to showing the determination of the Government, troops had occupied the Rum suburb of Phanar, where the headquarters of the Patriarchate are located, and many horse soldiers were also in evidence. The secret police arrested many members of the Council who had come to take part in the preliminary discussion, but, with one exception, the suspects were afterwards released. The statement that M. Gryparis, the Greek Minister in Constantinople, had been summoned to Athens in order to furnish certain information to the Hellenic Government is not confirmed; but in any event, it is semi-officially declared that his return to Athens need give rise to no apprehensions regarding Greco-Turkish relations, and an emphatic denial is given to the rumours circulated on that subject.

FRANCE AND HUNGARY.

In consequence of the opposition shown by the French financial market to the granting of a Hungarian loan of 560,000,000 kronen (£23,000,000), the Hungarian Finance Minister, Dr. Lukacs, has resolved finally to abandon his plan to place this loan on the Paris market. This news has caused no surprise in Hungary, as it was clear from the moment that a French deputy intended putting an interpellation to the Government as to how they could allow a member of the Triple Alliance to place a loan in Paris that the project could not be carried out. It is declared in Hungarian Government circles that this incident renders further negotiations respecting a loan impossible, as Hungary cannot pledge her credit upon any political ground. The Hungarian Government, will now endeavour only to obtain a credit for the 215,000,000 kronen required for redeeming the Four and a Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds issued two years ago. The remainder of the necessary sum will probably be the subject of later loan operations.

A DIPLOMATIC SENSATION.

The statement of the German Ambassador, Prince Radolin, at a farewell banquet in Paris, that his recall was unexpected and undesired, has caused a sensation in Paris, although the Press thus far abstains from comment. Prince Radolin is 70 years old, and has been ten years in Paris. At the time of his resignation, which was announced simultaneously with the resignation of his successor, Baron von Schon, from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, it was understood that it was the death of his son which made it necessary for Prince Radolin to take over the care of his estates in Germany and that he himself proposed his departure from Paris.

SANITATION IN CENTRAL PROVINCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct

It is stated that so much work is carried out in the Central Provinces Berar in connection with the sanitati towns that the appointment of a Sanit gineer has become necessary, and prop this effect are now before the Governm India. Arrangements are also in hand creating a subordinate sanitary agency for th Municipal towns of the Province to take t place of the existing and imperfect supervisi by men of the conservancy daroga class a to supply small towns with paid secr taries, who have had some practical instru tions in sanitary work. An annual gra of two lakhs from imperial funds made for this purpose, and according the policy generally approved throughout country, the grant is not being expended small improvements, but is carefully nar for large and comprehensive schemes. S stantial sums have been allotted for t improvements in Hoshangabad, Raipur Drug to remove the congestion of the pop tion, and for improving the water supply Seoni. An important scheme that will completed next year is the Gorawara reserv which will double the water supply of Nag city, and the civil station of Nagpur is to be provided with a complete sewer scheme which will be started in the c weather. A sewerage scheme for Jubulpore is also in course of preparation, and a number of smaller towns are shortly to be supplied with surface drainage.

RAILWAY CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 1.

The Railway Conference is now drawing to a close, and the members will leave for their headquarters by the end of next week. They have been hospitably entertained at Viceregal Lodge, Snowdon and other official residences. Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson gave a dinner to meet the President and members of the Conference and among those present were:—The Hon'ble Mr. Robertson, Sir T. R. Wynne, the Hon'ble Mr. Meston, the Hon'ble Mr. Brunyate, the Hon'ble Mr. Burt, the Hon'ble Mr. Vernon Wood, C.I. Browne R. E. Major Shelly R. E., Messrs. Manson, Thompson, Rickards, Dring, Walker, M. Johns, Pendlebury, Wright, Thorpe, Major Murray R. E

LANCASHIRE COTTON DISPUTE.

ANOTHER DEAD-LOCK REACHED.

Labour Leaders Want to be Managers.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

As the result of Mr. Askwith's intervention, the cotton-masters and operatives hold a joint conference to-night.

LATER.

The Cotton Conference has broken up without arriving at a settlement.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

At yesterday's joint Conference on the Cotton Dispute the employers said :—Before we agree to arbitration, the Fern Mill must start without the dismissed operative being reinstated. If you agree, we will withdraw the lock-out notices. In the event of the arbitration going against us, we will pay the said operative the whole of his wages from the time he was dismissed.

The Operatives replied that the proposal was inacceptable. Either the mill must close until the arbitration was over, or the operative must be reinstated.

The Conference then broke up.

Circulars have been sent to the members of the Employers' Federation, instructing them to close their mills at noon to-day.

In an interview, Mr. Macara, who presided at the Conference, emphasised the point that the matter was very practical one. If the employers yielded they would be unable to manage their businesses.

The leaders of the Operatives, in an interview, said it was nonsense to suggest that they wanted to take the management of the mills from the employers, but the acceptance of the employers' views was tantamount to abandoning the right of the workers to a voice in the arrangement of working conditions in the mills, and would reduce trade-unionism to a nullity, making the workers serfs.

LATER.

Mr. Askwith, late last evening, stated that he had not abandoned the hope of an early settlement, and was therefore remaining in Manchester.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Seven hundred Cotton mills closed at noon to-day, rendering 150,000 operatives idle.

The failure of the Cotton Conference has depressed the Stock Exchange, especially Home Rails which are ½ to ¾ lower.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

Mr. Askwith was busy yesterday at Manchester endeavouring to arrange a settlement. He interviewed the operatives' officials who afterwards summoned a meeting of the Cardroom Workers' Amalgamation for to-day to consider the proposal that the dismissed operative, George Howe should take holiday on full wages guaranteed by both sides pending arbitration.

LABOUR UNREST IN SOUTH WALES.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

In spite of the ballot, peace in South Wales is not assured. There are numerous sectional disputes. Eight thousand miners are already out and twelve thousand are expected to strike to-day.

SOUTH AFRICAN DEPORTEES.

Mother Prohibition to Land.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

The Asiatics from the "Saltan" who were transhipped at Durban for the Cape, were not allowed to land at Port Elizabeth. They are proceeding to Cape Town where proceedings will be instituted in the Supreme Court.

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION.

Trade Unionists Suspected.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Los Angeles telegrams state that fifteen or twenty persons have been killed and a score injured by a dynamite explosion and fire in the premises of an important local newspaper. The building was wrecked.

The Manager attributes the occurrence to industrial foes of the paper which employed non-Unionists.

ANTI-CONSUMPTION CAMPAIGN.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

A Conference of Welsh Representatives at Shrewsbury has agreed to the proposal for a national campaign against tuberculosis as a memorial to the late King Edward, £140,000 has already been promised.

GOVERNMENT OF KOREA.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

Regulations for the government of Korea have been gazetted in Tokio. They provide that the Governor-General shall be invested with authority to make ordinances subject to the approval of the Emperor, the Premier, and the Privy Council. Count Terauchi is to be Governor-General.

CHOLERA IN EUROPE.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

There were 18 cases of cholera at Naples yesterday, and 11 deaths.

POLITICAL ACTIVITY AT HOME.

Speech-Making Campaign.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

There are indications of a general revival of political activity. While the Tariff Reformers are prosecuting a vigorous campaign, it is announced that the Liberals are organising a vigorous counter-attack.

Messrs. Asquith, Haldane and McKenna are taking the field, and platform speaking will be resumed shortly.

Interest in Mr. Balfour's speech at Edinburgh on the 5th instant is increasing in view of the controversy regarding the payment of members, and in view also of the insistent demands of the stalwarts of the Party for a definite outline of the general Unionist policy, especially of Tariff Reform proposals.

JAPANESE TARIFF.

Home Chamber's Disinterested Motive.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

The Huddersfield Chamber of Commerce states that the Board of Trade has refused to receive a deputation to urge the serious effects of the Japanese tariff on the Yorkshire woollen trade, on the ground that no good result can accrue.

The Chamber has therefore resolved to seek an interview with the Board of Trade to urge the hardship of the tariff on the Japanese poor, who are deprived of woollen garments in winter.

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

Austrian Guest in Italy.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

King Emmanuel to-day entertained Count von Aehrenthal and the Marquis di san Giuliano to lunch. His Majesty was most cordial and conferred on Count von Aehrenthal the collar of the Order of the Annunziata.

Count von Aehrenthal presented an autograph letter from the Emperor Francis Joseph, thanking King Emmanuel for his birthday wishes.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Communiques published in Vienna and Turin state that the discussions between Count von Aehrenthal and the Marquis di San Giuliano were a natural continuation of the interviews at Salzburg and Ischl, since when there has been no modification of the international situation. The two statesmen are able to note that in conjunction with the Cabinets in Berlin, they are constantly and sincerely co-operating in the peaceful objects of the Triple Alliance.

BRITISH REVENUE.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

The Revenue for the quarter shows an increase of £11,819,625. The increase for the half year is £37,506,121. Every item shows an increase.

SCOTTISH HOME RULE.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

The Scottish Home Rule National Committee has decided to start a campaign on October 25th.

THE "BEDFORD."

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

Reuter wires from Tokio that Admiral Winslow has ordered the wreck of the cruiser "Bedford" to be sold by auction on Oct. 10th.

PRICE WAR IN OILS.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

Reuter wires from New York that the Standard Oil Co., and the Asiatic Petroleum Co., have cancelled their agreement, thus ending the combination. A price war has consequently begun.

AVIATION ACCIDENTS.

Another Fatality.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Reuter wires from Milan that Captain Dickson and the Frenchman, M. Thomas, collided in mid-air and fell. Both were seriously injured.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

At Metz yesterday the airman Herr Haas was killed during a cross-country flight. His machine was smashed to atoms.

At Mourmelon yesterday M. Wynmalon biplaned to a height of 9,174 feet.

MESSRS. LEVER BROS.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

The shareholders of Messrs. Lever Brothers have unanimously agreed to the proposal to increase the capital to fourteen millions sterling.

LONDON BETTING.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Cesarewitch betting :—11 to 4 against Bronzino, 100 to 3 against Eaton Lad.

Cambridgeshire :—100 to 8 against Whisk Broom.

REUTER says that Sir Harold Harmsworth has offered £20,000 to found a professorship of languages at Cambridge. The Drapers' Company have offered £23,000 for a physiological laboratory.

THE BERLIN RIOTS.

Impossible Attitude of the Police.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, OCT 1.

The British and American Embassies have made representations to the German Foreign Office, regarding the assault on journalists. The Police President has refused to punish the guilty policemen, informing the journalists that they contravened the regulations by joining a riotous assemblage, despite the fact that at the time of the assault the street was empty and the journalists were there by the permission of a police officer.

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

The official "Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" says the connection of Socialists with the riots in Berlin has now been established. Therefore it is the duty of Government to deal with mob excesses and incipient rebellion with unrelenting severity.

The Association of Foreign Journalists in Berlin has addressed a remonstrance to the Imperial Chancellor declaring that it is unable to accept the ruling of the Police President that correspondents attending disturbances are to be treated as rioters.

TURKISH TROOPS IN MONASTIR.

Fresh Stories of Atrocities.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Woeful tales of the brutality and ferocity of the Turkish troops in the Vilayet of Monastir are brought alike by Greek, Bulgarian and Montenegrin refugees, who have fled across the frontiers. The inhabitants of a Montenegrin village, in which two Turks were murdered out of revenge, have been subjected to such atrocious treatment that the entire population has fled. The exasperation of Christians is becoming more intense.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Reuter wires from Cetinje that numbers of Albanians are fleeing to Montenegro owing to maltreatment by the Turkish soldiery.

THE CORONATION.

Ambitious Scheme.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

An ambitious scheme for the Coronation will be an exhibition at Shepherd's Bush in 1911. It is announced that it embodies a veritable stock-taking of the Empire and shows representatives of all races and nationalities in industrial and domestic life.

AMERICAN MOTOR RACE.

Series of Disasters.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

M. Grant, winner in 1909, has again won the Vanderbilt Cup Motor Race, covering 278 miles in 256 minutes. One competitor was killed, and three critically injured. A spectator, who encroached on the course, was seriously injured.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

The Motor Race at Long Island there were thirty-one competitors and a quarter-million spectators. The police were powerless to check the latter from encroaching on the course. Racing was of the keenest description. Numerous accidents occurred, cars turning turtle and colliding. One competitor, two mechanics and two spectators were killed and forty competitors, mechanics and spectaters injured.

The disasters are expected to give death blow to this race.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

Telegrams from Springville, Illinois, State that in the motor race in the grounds of the State fair a competitor was killed by a car plunging into a fence.

THE LATE JOCKEY LOATES.

LONDON, OCTOBER. 2.

The inquest on the Jockey Loates showed that he had been suffering for weeks from alcoholic dementia. He was found dead in a fit. A verdict of death from natural causes was returned.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

The late jockey, Tom Loates, according to "Daily Mail" has left a fortune of a quarter of a million.

NORWEGIAN ARCTIC EXPLORER.

Bold Programme.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

The Norwegian explorer, Amundsen, who is at present at Madeira on board the "Fram," has surprised Christiana by a letter stating that he is sailing for the South Pole and expects to return to San Francisco in 1912 to prepare an expedition to drift over the North Pole.

MR. CHURCHILL VISITS PRISONS.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

Mr. Winston Churchill paid a surprise visit to the Pentonville Prison yesterday. He interrogated the officials and chatted with the prisoners, questioning them as to their treatment and careers. He ordered the release of four youths imprisoned for minor offences.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

The death is announced of Colonel de Courcy Hamilton.

[Colonel Claude de Courcy, C. B., was Assistant-Adjutant-General Army Headquarters, India. Son of Major-General T. de Courcy Hamilton V. C., was born in 1861. He married Jeanie Kathleen, daughter of the late P. H. Osborne of Currandooley N. S. Wales. He was educated at Cheltenham College and entered the Army as Lieut. R. A. in 1880; and was promoted Colonel in 1903. He served in the Lushai (1889-92), Isazai (1892) and Tirah (1897-98) expeditions, receiving medal in the first and last. He also served in South Africa (1899-1900) and received medal with the brevet of Lieut.-Colonel.]

AMERICAN POLITICS.

Democratic Platform.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Reuter wires from New York that the Democratic State Convention at Rochester is torn by the conflict between Radicalism and Conservative. Fifteen names have been discussed for candidate for Governorship.

LATER.

Reuter wires from Rochester that the Democratic Convention has nominated Mr. Dix as Candidate for the Governorship of New York. The platform to be submitted to the Convention favours the old against the new nationalism, as advocated by Mr. Roosevelt. It denounces the new tariff and favours a downward revision. It arraigns the Republican Lagislature for gross corruption and advocates an income-tax.

LONDON, OCT. 2.

President Taft, speaking at a Republican banquet at New York, said :—

"The achievements of the Legislatures and Executive and prospective reforms proved that the Republican party was progressive to the highest degree. The New Traffic Commission had completed the preliminary report, but he had directed the Chairman not to make public the statement there anent until after the elections, because he wished to keep free from the vicissitudes of partisan politics. The party was practically committed to a further revision of one schedule at a time. He did not believe that adverse decisions in the Standard Oil and American Tobacco cases in the Supreme Court would bring a financial disaster. It was impossible to overestimate the effect on the business of 1911 of the record-breaking crops now being harvested."

LORD HARDINGE SAYING GOOD-BYE.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Lord Hardinge of Penshurst took farewell of his colleagues at the Foreign Office yesterday. He has now gone round on a series of farewell visits in the country.

Sir Arthur Nicholson has taken up his post at the Foreign Office, with Viscount Errington his Secretary.

ALLEGED RECKLESS MOTORING.

Millionaire Charged with Murder.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Reuter telegraphs from New York that a young millionaire, named Rasenheimer, has been indicted for murder by the Grand Jury, for killing a young lady by reckless motoring and refusing to halt.

BRAZILIAN PRESIDENT-ELECT.

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

The visit of the Brazilian President-elect, Fonseca, to Lisbon on board the Brazilian battleship "San Paulo" has been made the occasion of a great public function. Signor Fonseca and King Manoel exchanged visits.

LIEUTENANT SUTOR ILL.

LONDON, OCTOBER 2.

Lieutenant Sutor, who was recently court-martialled, is seriously ill at Tynemouth, suffering from nervous prostration.

DEPRESSED CLASSES MISSION.

Prize Distribution in Poona.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 2.

The annual prize giving of the Poona branch of the Depressed Classes Mission Society of Poona took place in the Islamia building this evening. The Hon'ble Mr. R. A. Lamb presided. There was a numerous gathering of ladies and gentlemen, especially Hindu ladies. After a song of welcome, Dr. Harold Mann, President of Poona Committee, opened the proceeding.

"Last year His Highness the Gaikwar of Baroda," he said, "graced the occasion with his presence and addressed them many words of encouragement. It was now their wish to hear some further words of encouragement from their present president. He was glad to be able to say that though their means were limited, their reorganisation was improving year by year. Their object was to educate the lower classes and they were determined to maintain and continue in their good work without minding the trouble it involved."

Mr. A. K. Mudliar, Secretary of the Society, then read the report of Poona branch for past year. This showed that Society maintained three educational institutions in Poona. His Highness the Gaikwar of Baroda had given the Society a donation of Rs. 1,000, interest on which was devoted to paying scholarships to youths of the depressed classes who was studying in the Poona High School. The Society's income during the year was Rs. 3,581 and expenditure Rs. 2,424. A number of well known Hindu and Mahomedan gentlemen of Poona and Bombay presented prizes consisting of books, clothing, caps, etc.

The Hon'ble Mr. Lamb who then addressed those present eulogising the good work of the Society.

Dewan Bahadur S V. Samarth then proposed a vote of thanks to the Chair with which the proceedings ended.

MRS. BESANT'S INDIAN UNIVERSITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BENARES, OCT. 2.

Mrs. Besant writes in the current number of the "Theosophist":—"I hear that the petition to His Majesty the King-Emperor for a Royal charter for the University of India has been forwarded by H. E. The Viceroy to the Secretary of State for India. I am profoundly gratified that His Excellency has been good enough to forward it and for the sympathy with its object that he has expressed."

Mrs. Besant's 63rd birthday was celebrated with due pomp and splendour yesterday by the Hindu College Theosophical Society for the Sons of India. People from outside Benares attended.

PLAGUE ADMINISTRATION IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, OCT. 1.

A resolution of the Punjab Government on the report of the committee appointed to consider future plague administration in the Punjab has been issued. The resolution says that all that we have learnt about plague, at the expenditure from provincial and local funds of over seven lakhs a year during the past three years, in the opinion of a committee of plague experts and district officers of experience, is that no remedy has been found for the disease; that the people generally will not go to plague doctors to be treated when suffering from plague; that disinfection by chemicals or or even by heat is useless; that rat destruction by poison or trapping is almost equally useless and that inoculaton though a splendid means of individual protection, can not be used to check an epidemic owing to popular prejudice. Disinfection of houses by sunlight and air is approved and disinfection of persons and wearing apparel is considered useful to prevent importation. Villages and towns are advised to resort more freely to the quarantine of persons from infected areas. The evacuation of villages is held to be the only practicable measure of plague prevention on large scale. Improved sanitation is recommended, though it is recognised that any advance can only be gradual, and that public opinion should be followed and not led. The plague staff is held to have justified its existence mainly on account of the service it has rendered. In this respect general medical relief and the sense of comfort and support, which their presence gives to the people, have been useful. Such are the findings of the Committee.

Government thinks that as things stand, it appears necessary to keep on the field an establishment of plague doctors, in the hope that the prejudice against inoculation may disappear, that in the meantime the staff may be able to encourage general sanitation on the part of the people to win their confidence and educate public opinion, and that by the continued examination of disease it may be possible to evolve or discover some effective measures for stamping it out.

Government suggests in future that the cost of the operations can be largely decreased and the cost of the establishment reduced by relying more largely on Assistant Surgeons and Hospital Assistants, working as the Committee proposes under Civil Surgeons as Chief Plague and Sanitary Inspectors of a district. The campaign of general rat destruction must be abandoned as being a measure which is very costly, and which experience as the Committee finds shows to be of no proved practical efficacy. In future rat destruction should be concentrated on circumscribed areas, where plague persists during a quiescent period. In the hot weather, every effort must be made to stimulate and educate public opinion with a view to ameliorating hygenic and sanitary measures. Every encouragement should be given to villages to resort to evacuation. Help should be given by grants of money and interest stimulated by rewards. Villages should be encouraged to erect guest houses and temporary shelter outside villages in which travellers coming from infected areas could be required to rest until the period of detention has expired, and while their clothes and baggage are being disinfected. It becomes a matter of prime importance to get prompt and accurate information of the occurrence of rat mortality or human plague between 1st July and 1st October, and the furnishing of such information should be encouraged by prompt rewards where necessary.

The suggestion that honorary plague officers should be given a sanad of appointment by the Deputy Commissioner is approved and should be adopted.

SCHOOL-MASTER CONVICTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 1.

The Deputy Magistrate of Naraingani yesterday convicted Surendra Nath Bose, teacher of the Paschdona National School under section 109, Indian Penal Code. Accused was ordered to execute a bond of Rs. 500 with two sureties of Rs. 500 each for one year, or in default to suffer rigorous imprisonment for the same period. Sureties were submitted, but the Court would not accept them without evidence as to their pecuniary circumstances. This will be taken on the 5th of October, in the meantime the accused is detained in custody.

INDIAN EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, OCT. 2.

It is anticipated that the despatch containing the Government of India's proposals, on the subject of the formation of the new Education Department, and with reference to the future constitution of the Home Department, will go home to the Secretary of State by the next mail.

MAHOMEDAN EDITOR CALLED UP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, OCT. 1.

The District Magistrate, Lahore, has demanded under the new Press Act security of Rs. 2,500 from the editor of the "Almajjadid," a Mahomedan vernacular monthly, for an article in its July issue, in which the writer attacked the founder of the Arya Samaj, and made some objectionable statements about Hindus revering cows.

SLIPS ON THE GHAUTS.

Traffic Suspended.

Very heavy rain is reported on the Bore Ghauts and it has caused big slips and tunnels No. 1 and No. 11 are blocked. All trains between Bombay and Poona have been cancelled since yesterday morning. No. train has passed the ghauts since yesterday morning. The line is not expected to be clear until 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Two special trains left the Victoria Terminus yesterday with a full load of coolies. The Engineering and Traffic Officers are all on the scene of the accident. Being Sunday the officials had considerable difficulty in getting together 1,000 men required on the Ghauts to remove the debris.

The Madras mail from Bombay left last night at 10 o'clock and will go via Dhond-Manmar line. All the trains from Poona and Madras are coming via the same route. The first train expected to arrive in Bombay will be the Madras Mail at 5 a.m. to-day, and other trains are expected to come by due intervals.

Heavy rain has also necessitated the cancelling of all trains for the present.

The traffic is expected to be resumed by 5 p. m. to-day.

THE TWO VICEROYS.

Bombay Corporation Addresses.

THE Committee of the Corporation, appointed to draw up addresses to be presented to the retiring Viceroy Lord Minto and to the Viceroy-designate, Lord Hardinge of Panshurst, has issued the drafts as follows :—

To the Right Honourable Sir Gilbert John Elliot Murray Kynynmond, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E., LL.D., Earl of Minto.

May it please your Lordship,—Five years have elapsed since Your Lordship first landed in India to assume charge of the most exalted office in the overseas dominion of Great Britain to which a British Statesman can be appointed by his Majesty the King-Emperor. On that memorable occasion it fell to the lot of the President and Members of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay to offer to Your Lordship an address of respectful greeting and cordial welcome and to express a hope that peace and prosperity would be vouchsafed to India under Your Lordship's rule. Once again in November 1909, on the occasion of Your Lordship's tour throughout this great Dependency of the English Crown, the Municipal Corporation of the Capital of Western India had the pleasure of presenting an address to Your Lordship and of humbly congratulating Your Lordship upon the courageous and prescient statesmanship which has marked Your Lordship's management of the serious problems of Indian Administration. And now for the third time we, the President and Members of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, feel it our pleasing and grateful duty—on the eve of your retirement from these shores—to express respectfully to Your Lordship our deep sense of the obligation under which you have laid the people of India by Your Lordship's wise, beneficent and sympathetic administration of this country.

Now that the hour of Your Lordship's departure has drawn nigh, we desire once more to give expression to the universal appreciation which is felt for Your Lordship's treatment of all questions affecting the welfare of India and to assure Your Lordship that the country will not lightly forget a Viceroy who in spite of opposition and unrest in certain quarters has in his exalted office steadfastly maintained and adhered to the noble and generous policy laid down by the great British Statesmen of the past namely—the advancement of the Indian people and their larger participation in the governance of this continent. At the moment when Your Lordship graciously accepted our last address the rules affecting the extended and reformed Councils had just been published. Since then the Councils have been formed and have commenced their labours in a manner which offers the fairest augury for the future welfare of India. It is on this great scheme that the gratitude of India towards Your Lordship primarily rests: It is by this great scheme, the foundations of which have been laid broad and deep, but which will no doubt undergo development and extension as time and experience suggest, that Your Lordship's name will live among generations yet unborn.

It is not without a feeling of regret that we bid good-bye to the pilot who has steered the vessel of our Indian Administration with such keen judgment through the stress and storm of five years. But that sentiment is assuaged partly by the knowledge that Your Lordship is handing over charge of your high office to a nobleman of wide experience and proven character and ability, and partly by the belief that Your Lordship will retain unto the end your interest in the great scheme which you have inaugurated and in all else appertaining to the progress of India. In this expression of regret at Your Lordship's departure we desire to include also the name of the Countess of Minto, whose kindly interest in well-being of the women of this country has touched many a heart and has endeared her name to the mothers and daughters of India.

In conclusion we can but wish Your Lordship and the Countess of Minto most respectfully "God Speed and Farewell," coupled with this last request that your Lordship will on return to your native land convey to His Majesty the King-Emperor the fullest assurances of our unswerving loyalty and devotion to the Crown of England.

To the Right Honourable Lord Hardinge of Penshurst, P.C., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., C.B., I.S.O., Viceroy and Governor-General of India-Designate.

May it please Your Lordship,—We, the President and Members of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, are gratified that at the moment of Your Lordship's arrival upon Indian shores, we have the opportunity of offering to Your Lordship this address of welcome and respectful greeting. The natural pleasure which the City of Bombay feels in welcoming a new viceroy is enhanced in this instance by the fact that Your Lordship, like the experienced nobleman from whose hands you are receiving the charge of this great continent, has a hereditary connection with India which is augury both of a natural aptitude for statesmanship and of a personal sympathy with its peoples. Nearly seventy years have passed since Your Lordship's ancestor, Sir Henry Hardinge, penned his famous letter to the greatest of English Queens; declaring that in order to reward native talent and render it practically useful to the State he had evolved a scheme whereby the most meritorious students would be appointed to fill the public offices which fell vacant throughout Bengal; and but three years later, after a severe struggle with the Sikh power, he was able to report that peace had been finally established beyond the North-West frontier and throughout India. The peerage which Her Majesty Queen Victoria conferred upon Your Lordship's ancestor in 1846 was a well-deserved reward for the skill, courage and statesmanship with which he effected internal peace and strove to set the people of India upon the path of advancement.

At this juncture when India is passing through an epoch of immense change, social, political and economical, and when much has to be effected towards composing differences of opinion, reconciling discordant elements and consolidating the universal sentiment of loyalty to the Crown, we rejoice to think that India will have at the helm of affairs a statesman whose instinct for governing, inherited from his great ancester, has been firmly established by active works and manifold experiences in the field of international diplomacy. The prospect of war within the boundaries of India no longer darkens the horizon, and the victories which it rests with Your Lordship to achieve are those of peace. But in recalling the statesmanlike actions of Sir Henry Hardinge and the record of your Lordships public life we feel convinced that the victories under arms of your ancester's regime will find their complement in the constitutional achievements of Your Lordship's administration, to the permanent benefit of India and the honour of the family to which your Lordship belongs.

We hesitate to trouble Your Lordship at this moment with any lengthy disquisition upon the needs of this City. But we cannot forbear to bring to Your Lordship's notice the manifold signs of urban advancement and expansion, which are the direct outcome of the legislative creation of a City Improvement Trust, and to express a hope that the Government of India will place the Local Government in a position to render to that body the same liberal assistance which has already been proposed for our sister City of Calcutta. Otherwise it may be difficult to carry to completion the comprehensive and most salutary schemes of improvement which it is pledged to introduce. The duration of Municipal Loans for works of public utility is another subject upon which we respectfully consider that the Government of India might follow a more liberal policy, and particularly so at this juncture when important drainage schemes and water-works, which will necessitate the floating of large loans, are under consideration. Apart from these two points which we submit for Your Lordship's sympathetic consideration, we can only express hope that the advance which this great city in common with the rest of India has made during the last few years will continue under Your Lordship's administration and that the progress of Bombay will hereafter be adjudged by the verdict of posterity one of the salient features of Your Lordship's tenure of office.

In conclusion we desire to offer a most cordial welcome to Lady Hardinge and to give expression to our belief that she, like the wives of former Viceroys, will find an abiding place in the affections of the women of India.

REUTER cables that Sir Charles and Miss Layard have sailed on the "Otranto."

NASIK CONSPIRACY CASE.

Trial By Special Tribunal.

On Saturday morning the adjourned hearing of the Nasik Conspiracy case was resumed by the Special Tribunal consisting of the Hon'ble Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. J. Heaton.

The examination-in-chief of the prosecution witness Dhanappa Sidharappa Valve, a Lingayat vani (grocer) was about to be resumed, when Sir Basil Scott addressed the Advocate-General on the point which Mr. Baptista had raised yesterday. His Lordship said he had been thinking whether it might not under Section 28 of the Fugitive Offenders Act be necessary to have an inquiry into the point.

The Advocate-General replied that the point had been considered in other cases.

His Lordship added that the point as to the illegality of the arrest had been indicated by Vinayak Damodar Savarkar and Mr. Baptista, and the Court thought that if the prosecution wanted any evidence taken on the point argued it had better be done before the trial proceeds further.

Mr. Baptista said that he was not arguing on the point in that section but on the point of arrest in France in order to obtain the facts. His impression was that if he had once got the facts they might then discuss the law.

His Lordship informed Counsel that if he did not give the facts, the Court would have to decide whether it could go into the question of this arrest.

Counsel suggested that the Court might consider the question on Monday as he had not brought his authorities. He said that Savarkar was originally arrested under a provisional warrant issued by the Metropolitan Magistrate of London. Then an Indian warrant was sent and endorsed under the Fugitive Offenders Act by the Metropolitan Magistrate. Counsel would submit that was illegal. It should have been endorsed by the Metropolitan Magistrate and the Secretary of State for India. Nothing more was done to legalise that warrant. Counsel also argued that the joinder of charges was bad on account of jurisdiction in regard to one of the accused.

The Advocate-General then proceeded to quote authorities to show that the arrest of Savarkar was legal and relied on Section 188 Cr. P. C. which, he argued, covered the question as to the relevancy of the place where Vinayak Damodar was arrested.

The Court then granted Mr. Baptista's application to be heard on Monday.

The witness Dhanappa said that the work done in connection with the Society were riding, running, wrestling, swimming, "dhan-putta ejera-putta and also getting information round about Nasik. They complained of the Government 'zoolum' at Rawalpindi where a sepoy and a European were let off for a criminal assault committed on a woman. The revenue of the sircar was excessive. There were also other oppressive acts such as the prosecution of Tilak, Paranjpe, and others.

Advocate-General: Was anyone brought to the society teach these physical exercises?—Yes, a teacher from Baroda. He taught the members of the society 'dhanputta.' Another boy a Mahratta was brought from Juma to teach 'chera-putta' and scaling walls. The Mahratta boy was paid Rs. 12 a month from the fund. Funds were also collected by the sale of grain to the people at a cheap rate. This was the munshi fund. Witness took an oath in 1907. Ganesh administered that oath. There was a photo of Sivaji, on which they were made to place their hands and take the oath.

Chief Justice: There was the photo?—In the house of Ganesh. It was placed against the wall.

Advocate-General: What was the oath which you took?—For the sake of the country and religion. "For the protection of religion, I shall make "Khatpat." For the sake of independence for my own country I have taken this oath.

Chief Justice: Who was present?—Ganesh was present. He made him take the oath and told him he would know everything after taking it.

To the Advocate-General: To small boys, witness gave instructions in wrestling in the gymnasium. They ranged from 10 to 18 years. Some of them were as old as himself. This gymnasium was called the Oaks Gymnasium. Witness knew Pranjpe, the editor of the "Kal." Pranjpe put up at Savarkar's place at Nasik, where he gave three lectures which were published in the papers. The lectures were delivered on the open road before five or six thousand people. All the boys of the mela attended the lectures. That year the shroffs, traders and leaders at Nasik, had specially invited Pranjpe to come there and lecture. One lecture was on "Swadeshi Boycott" another on "Attempts to gain Independence in India" and a third on "Death in the Battlefield." Witness published a book containing those lectures and lectures delivered by Tilak. Ganesh told him to do so as witness would make money. The books were printed at Poona. The sale proceeds were used for his own purposes. Witness had been convicted and sent to jail for publishing [illegible] books.

Advocate-General: Do you remember any Bengalees coming to Nasik?—Two came to attend the lectures. Surendranath and Anandand. At that time Farkay, the proprietor of the "Bharat" was also here. Trindranath was a "Sadhu." He came from Bombay. The two Bengalees put up at Savarkar's house. He knew a man called Hayder Ressar. He gave lectures at Nasik and put up with Babasaheb Kaveri's house. Baba Saheb has become a "Sadhu." He saw him once or twice at Savarkar's house. The poems sung at the mela at Nasik were composed by Govind post. The Soman Data was the owner of the house in which Savarkar lived. Ganesh and Narayan lived together. Kelkar was known to witness only by name. He saw Kelkar with Data. There was a dispensary in Kalwa house. He did not know what Kelkar's occupation was. At Nasik witness saw Patanker when he came to effect an insurance. That was at Savarkar's house. He saw Tnathia Kurre at the Dhulia Conference. That was in 1908 after the Surat Congress. He used always to see Ganesh Damodar Savarkar take a leading part after Ganesh was arrested and prosecution witness stopped going to his house. There might have been other leaders, but he did not know them.

Advocate-General: Were you paid anything for giving physical training in the gymnasium?—No. The gymnasium was a public one and was between fifty or sixty years old. It was in a large house and was divided into nine parts.

To Mr. Baptista: There was no secrecy about this gymnasium, witness resigned the service immediately Ganesh was arrested. For a year or a year and a half witness had been a member of the Society. He knew Gosavi was a member of the Mitra Mela.

Vithal Bhatatre Petkar, a Brahmin priest, said that he was in the Nasik Police in 1908-09 he remembered when this circular (produced) was issued at Nasik. It was signed by the Secretary of the Mitra Mela. He was present at the meeting in which the circular convened and made a report of that meeting and submitted it to his superiors. That report was dated 12th July 1908 the day after the meeting. On the 4th of May he attended another meeting. On the next day he sent in a report of it from the notes he made at the meeting. (Both reports were tendered). He also attended another meeting held on the 14th of May and made notes and submitted a report thereon to his superiors. There was a picture of Sivaji exhibited during the proceedings, Vishnu Mahadeo Bhat was present then. Sakaram Dajt Ganesh was also present at the meeting. Narayan Damodar Savarkar, another accused, was also there Anant Vaman Barve was from Nasik and was mentioned in one of witness reports. Then in the report of the 20th of May on the meeting held the day before Vinayak Damodar Savarkar's name was mentioned.

The hearing was then adjourned till Monday.

MURDER OF MRS. DOST MAHOMED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

KARACHI, OCT. 1.

The case against Gal Mahomed and Dosu charged with murdering the Australian woman, Mrs. Dost Mahomed, was resumed in the court of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate yesterday, when the evidence of Mr. Poyntz, the House Surgeon, who conducted a post mortem examination of the victim was recorded. According to this, the woman was brutally murdered, there being seventeen wounds in different parts of the body, the largest of them being eight inches deep from the back. All this could not have been done by one person. One of the wounds in the groin, of the size of a two anna piece, was caused by a sharper knife than the one produced in Court.

The further hearing of the case will be at Lundi on October 8th.

DACCA CONSPIRACY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, Oct. 1.

The Dacca Conspiracy case was re-opened to-day.

Mr. Asher Laventon, Civil Surgeon, Dacca, stated that on a night of September last, he examined the wounds of Sarat Chandra Ghosh C. I. D., Inspector at Dacca, and he described the wounds which were caused by shots. Witness continued said one of the shots was fired from a distance of not more than two feet. At the request of the defence pleaders, next Monday has been fixed for cross-examining this witness.

Sarat Chandra Ghose, Inspector of Police, C. I. D., Dacca, was further examined to-day. He deposed that Bepin Chandra Pal came to Dacca in March 1907 and delivered a lecture in the Pleaders' Club on Swaraj. Pulin Das, Bhupesh Nag and many other members of Anushilan Samity were present at the meeting. Ratilal Ray reported to witness about a secret meeting at the National School, Dacca, in July 1907. He informed him that Anand Chakravarty, Lallit Ray, Pulin Das, Bhupesh Nag and others were present at that meeting. On the 7th of August there was an exhibition of lathi and dagger play in the compound of the Pleaders Club house. About 300 boys took part in that exhibition. Jagesh Rout, Jotin Ashutosh, Manikya Guha Jyotirmay were amongst them on the occasion. When Nikhilesh Ray was acquitted in the Comilla shooting case there was a celebration in the Pleaders Club. In August 1908 he saw some placards containing the words: "Awake, even now, for one head take a hundred heads of the Feringees." These he saw in different parts of Dacca town.

At this stage Satish Charan Sen, pleader, moved a petition on behalf of accused Amarendra Pose stating that he could not cross-examine any witness before the case for the prosecution was closed, and requesting that the prosecution be asked to file an exhaustive list of their witnesses so that petitioner might know when the prosecution was likely to be closed, and renew his application for the cross-examination of witnesses before the raming of any charge, as the applicant had two opportunities of cross-examining the witnesses.

The Court declined.

Witness continuing said on the 1st of September about 9 p.m., he was shot near the church as he was going home. He gave a description of how he was shot, how he recognised Nripendra and Hemmya, and how they ran away after shooting him.

Witness Sarat Chandra Ghosh being further examined stated—I know one Nikhilawar Ray of Dhamrai. I made enquiry about Chatrabhander at Dacca and came to know that Nikhileswas Ray started the Chatrabhander at Arminitola. Witness proved a money order receipt which shows that rent for one month of that shop was paid by Chatrabhander at Calcutta. Witness identified Promotha Manikya Dinesh Guha, Santi, Pulin Das, Akshaya Dutt, Asvini Ghosh, Lalit Ray, Sabati Ganguly, Nishi Bose, Gopi Ballav Pares. Jyotirmay, Gurudapal Das, Surendra Ray, Hem Bose. Being the defence in the prosecution which was now proceeding was that the shooting is not in connection with witness' official acts. Cross-examination was reserved.

The case was again adjourned

ALLEGED WRONGFUL DISMISSAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 2.

In the suit for wrongful dismissal instituted in the High Court by Mr. B. A. McMillan, late Managing Director, of Messrs. Oakes and Co. against that firm and Mr. Sligh, and claiming damages for Rs. 53,290 the hearing was resumed and concluded late yesterday afternoon. Judgment has been reserved.

AN IMPORTANT CANAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

With the previous sanction of the District Magistrate of Comilla, an executive committee was formed yesterday at Kishoreganj, with the Sub-Divisional Officer as president, to collect subscriptions for the re-excavation of the Kaona Khal, which has silted up since the earthquake of 1897, causing much inconvenience to traffic. This canal is one of the important trade routes in Eastern Bengal.

A WEALTHY GHOST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

Judgment was delivered yesterday in the Ga Ghost case. In this case a Bengalee lady brought a charge against Jasodia Kaharin who had cheated complainant of different sums of money, pretending that she would call up a ghost to give her twelve thousand rupees. The Magistrate found the accused guilty, and sentenced her to undergo rigorous imprisonment for six months.

SUFFRAGE MEETING AT SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

Canon Weitbrecht presided at a Woman's Suffrage meeting which was held in the Simla Town Hall last night, when Miss Vaughan, M. B., and Mrs. Darling made interesting speeches, supporting the movement. A discussion followed and a resolution advocating the enfranchisement of a certain number of women was passed by a large majority.

SHIP'S MASTER CHARGED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 1.

At the Chief Court Sessions, this evening, Mr. Justice Twomey declined to accept the verdict of not guilty by a majority of the jury by five to four, in a case against H. E. Newton, master mariner, who was charged with a rash and negligent act in causing a collision between the steamer "Rangoon" and the launch "Nawab" in the Rangoon river, whereby some lives were lost. The jury were discharged and the case will be retried at the next sessions, fixed for the 23rd of November. The accused was released on a bail of Rs. 500, with two sureties in similar amounts.

CONVICTION OF MUNICIPAL SECRETARY SET ASIDE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BENARES, Oct. 2.

Bholanath Dube, B. A., Secretary, and accused in the Moradabad Municipal embezzlement case, who was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 by Mr. Dalal, Sessions Judge, Shajanpur, has been acquitted by the Allahabad High Court.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

Third Day—Second Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 1.

It had been raining practically for 24 hours preceding the time fixed for to-day's races which brings to a close the big meeting here. But an hour before the time, it cleared sufficiently to enable the executive to run off the card of seven events. The going, as was to be expected, was of the worst possible description and results in one or two instances upset calculations of most. In the Khandalla Plate, Tunis who started at tens easily beat the small field among whom were such smart performers over distance as Brigand and Marily, and Coat of Arms who has been consistent winner at these meetings was another instance as he was allowed to start practically unbacked. Details:—

THE DECCAN PLATE.—Distance 1 1-4 miles over 3 flights.

Major Duffs Sholto 10-6 .....Hay Hoe 1
Mr Mile's Gerard, 10-0.....Owner 2
Mr Fisher's Mauser 9-13.....C Hoyt 3

Also Ran.—Mystic Circle 11-0, Fell.

Betting:—2 to 1 against Sholto, 5 to 2 Mystic Circle, 3 to 1 Gerard, and 4 to 1 Mauser.

Won by six lengths with the same distance between second and third.

THE KARAKWASLA PLATE.—Distance 4 furlongs.

Mr Goculdas' Maimoom 8-12 .....A Hoyt 1
Mr Gold's Prime Minister, 8-4.....Manley 2
The Chief of Manavadar's Fshadbeg, 9-10 ...Hill 3

Also Ran.—Hishan 9-5, Yacoot 8-11, Defence 8-9, Nishan 8-5, Fado 7-13.

Betting:—Evens Defence; 4 to 1 against Maimoon, Fshadbeg and Yacoot; 5 to 1 Prime Minister.

Won by a neck, five lengths dividing second and third.

THE STAND PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Mr G K's Coat of Arms, 9-1.....Hill 1
Mr Avasia's Gallileo, 8-2.....Ames 2
Mr Apcar's Mayfowl, 8-12.....L C Hoyt 3

Also Ran.—Paul Pry 9-7, Forfeit 7-6, and Oakton 7-13.

Betting:—2 to 1 against Oakton, 6 to 1 Coat of Arms and Gallileo and 3 to 1 Forfeit.

Won by one length, two lengths between second and third.

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—Distance 1 1-2 miles.

Mr R R S's Precious 9-2.....Brown 1
Mr G K's Valens 9-0.....Hill 2
Mr Beg's Famous 8-0.....A Ferguson 3

Also Ran.—Young Salanio 9-10, Balmoral 8-10, Lapwing 8-7, Tojilmulook 8-4, Hadee 8-3, Winchester 8-3, Dunura 7-12, Alma 7-7, Urgent 7-6, and Straight Tip 7-0.

Betting—4 to 1 Winchester, 5 to 2 Precious, 7 to 1 Famous and 8 to 1 Valens.

Won 3-4 length; 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—2min. 59 1-5 secs.

THE KHANDALLA PLATE.—Distance 1 1-4 miles.

Mr W S Clark's Tunis 7-11.....A Hoyt 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Merrily.....Barret 2
Mr H H the Kour Saheb of Patiala's Brigand II 8-12.....Ames 3

Also Ran.—Lama 8-6, and Antica 8 5.

Betting—3 to 2 against Merrily; 5 to 2 against Brigand; 10 to 1 Tunis.

Won by 5 lengths; 1 1-2 lengths beeween second and third. Time—2min. 32 secs.

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr Avasia's Castalia 9-1.....Hill 1
Mr Apcar's Sequent 8-2.....Kuhn 2
Mr Homi Bilimoria's Pincher 8-7 .....Robinson 3

Also Ran.—Metal Boy 9-7, Longchamp 9-3, Dansuse 8-9, Rose of Malta 8-6, T. M. S. 8-0, Singleton 8-0, and Lady Tezzle 7-3.

Betting.—3 to 2 against Castalia, 3 to 1 Pincher and 6 to 1 Sequent.

Won by two lengths; same distance between next two. Time—1min. 4 4-5secs.

THE GORPURI PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Mr Dara Cowasjee's Gafal 7-4 .....A Ferguson 1
Mr Goculdas' Jehangir 8-9 .....A Hoyt 2
Mr Ali bin Taleb's Lookman 8-12 .....Barrett 3

Also Ran.—Tachreet 9-5, Company 8-12, and Salanio 8-7.

Betting.—2 to 1 against Tachreet and Gafal; 3 to 2 Jehangir; and 6 to 1 Lookman.

Won by 6 lengths; 2 lengths between next two. Time—1min. 54 3-5secs.

FOOTBALL.

Bombay Rovers' Tournament.

FINAL.

LEICESTERS vs. LINCOLNS.

The weather having improved somewhat quite a large crowd assembled on the Cooperage on Saturday last, the attraction being the final of the above tournament. The Leicesters, after their previous good displays, were looked upon as certain winners, but the Lincolns proved most doughty opponents and after having quite the best of the first half, and an equal proportion of the second were rather unlucky in at least not making a draw. An excellent display was given by both custodians, Smith, who is recognised as one of the best custodians at present in India, being deservedly applauded on several occasions for his brilliant clearances. Owen also made several good saves, particularly in the first half. The backs on both sides displayed quite excellent football, Faulkes's display being most noticeable. The halves also played well, Wale again giving a splendid exhibition. The forwards on both sides deserve great credit for their combined play and excellent shooting, it only being the capable display of the custodians which prevented the downfall of both goals. From the kick off the Lincolns did the majority of the pressing, the play of Wardby and Parkinson, giving the Leicesters' defence a most anxious time. The Leicesters occasionally tested Smith with excellent shots, Smith, however, being quite equal to their efforts. Nearing half-time Waudby had exceedingly hard lines, just missing the desired haven by only skimming the bar. The Lincolns having the ball in the near vicinity of the Leicester's goal when the whistle caused a cessation of hostilities, the Lincolns undoubtedly having had the better of the initial half.

Resuming, play was of a far more even nature and fifteen minutes from time, the Leicesters having forced a corner, which was beautifully placed by Parkinson, Barton with a neat header placed the ball safely in the net, Smith having no chance of saving the shot, which left the Leicesters' winners of a hard fought game by one goal to love. Result:

Leicesters	1
Lincoln's	0

Teams:—

Leicesters.—Goal: Owen; backs: Bailey and Foulkes-; half-backs: Cliff, Wale and Whitmore; forwards: Wardell, Butler, Barton, Shingler and French.

Lincolns.—Goal: Smith; backs.: Romey and Briggs: half-backs: Penn, Jackson and Clarkin; forwards: Parkinson, Parsons, Waudby, Markiew and Fawcett.

The Final of the sprinting contest took place during the interval between the B. F. C. and the Glo'sters, the former winning rather easily by eleven points to four, Harwood again occupying the premier position.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Cathcart, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists Grocers, etc.

BOMBAY GOLF WEEK.

Replayed Tie.

The Bombay Golf week which was held last week has been sadly interfered with by the inclement weather we have lately experienced. So much so indeed that the handicap foursomes which were to have been played off on Friday and Saturday had to be put off and have been indefinitely postponed until after the Annual Athletic meeting.

On Sunday morning Roberts and Powell who tied last week in the handicap Medal competition for second prize played off to decide the winner. The game which was played by match play over two rounds of the course was very level and closely contested. Powell was receiving eight strokes from Roberts on the eighteen holes and at the end of the first round the match was "All Square." Going to the last hole they were still all square, both got good drives and Powell who had a bad lie to play from made a bad second Roberts did not take advantage of this as he put his second shot into the screen and had to lift. He then played two more and was on the green in four strokes Powell was short with his third but laid his fourth shot dead. Roberts missed the putt and Powell holing out won a close game on the last green.

BOMBAY MUD SPORTS.

The following programme has been arranged for Wednesday next:—

Tent-Pegging by Half Sections.

Cocoanut and Polo-ball Stakes:—In front of each lady, who will be mounted, will be 3 bamboo posts with cocoanuts on then and behind each lady will be 3 posts with polo balls on them. The competitor who first places the cocoanuts one by one on the posts supporting the balls and 'vice versa' wins. If a ball or cocoanut is dropped the judges will hand it back to the lady.

Potato and Bucket Race.—A row of 5 potatoes will be placed opposite each man, who will ride bareback. He will dismount, pick up a potato, mount and place it in a bucket, and continue thus till all are in. To be run in heats.

Rap Knuckle Stakes.—Men riding to pick polo ball off post, throw it into a bucket, catch polo ball thrown by lady and place it in a second bucket. Marks for style and pace.

Horse and Pony Distance Handicap Scurry.—Entries to be made at table near mat shed.

ENTERTAINMENT AT COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

The members of the Bombay Commercial Gymkhana may be heartily congratulated on the thorough success of their entertainment on Saturday evening. It was one of the best things of its kind which has been done in Bombay for a long time and a crowded audience was delighted with it. The first portion of the programme was miscellaneous, but the principal performances of the evening was that in the second part, a one-act farce, entitled "The Kooch peswanipore Command." This, we believe, was originally written for the Simla Amateur Dramatic Society and is an admirable skit on some phases of Indian life, the action taking place in a dawk bungalow. Mr. R. E. Fischer performed very creditably the part of Lieutenant-Colonel Chillipad, a confirmed old muddler with great notions of himself. As the Colonel's daughter, Mrs. H. G. Clark, appeared and though at the commencement she betrayed some natural nervousness she afterwards played with great charm and vivacity, Mr. H. G. Clark also played well as Captain Jack Trevor, her surreptitious lover, and was especially good in a passage during which he disguised himself as a Radical member for India. Finally Mr. H. E. Bryning was perfectly made up for the part of the Khansamah of the bungalow and played remarkably well throughout. A strong feature of the performance was the excellent singing of the whole caste, particularly in the charming part song "In Simla's cool retreat." The music was supplied by a small orchestra under the direction of Mr. Lenton David.

In the earlier part of the programme Mr. E. Keeth Roach gave one of his clever recitations of Kipling, and followed an excellent rendering of Kipling by an even better one of Mandalay, Mr. Lenton David gave a clever and convincing performance on the piano. Mrs. Murray sang very pleasantly, and other contributors to an enjoyable programme were Messrs. W. B. Reid, Jack Gunn, B. C., Rasis and Mr. Brodsky.

CLAIM FOR MACHINERY SUPPLIES.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman heard the suit filed by Mr. Sorabji Shapurji against the Fraser Ice Factory, Limited, in which the plaintiff sought to recover Rs. 1,401 with interest and costs for work done. Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand and Wadia appeared for the plaintiff and the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Jehanger H. Vakil, instructed by Messrs. Thakordas and Co., for the defendants.

Plaintiff's case was that he supplied to the defendants pipes, chairs, &c., to the defendants and furnished the work under Mr. Moir's supervision and did extra work and supplied extra materials as ordered by the defendants from time to time after the completion of the work; the defendants complained of leakage in the points but the plaintiff denied that the same was due to any defect in his workmanship.

The defence among other things was that the defendants agreed to pay for bends provided the plaintiff made it a point to be ready to erect and fit up the connection pipes during the period agreed upon and made all the joints steam tight. The plaintiff having failed to do that he was not entitled to any payment under any circumstances. The work done by the plaintiff was incomplete and unsatisfactory and the materials used were inferior. The defendants prayed that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The case is proceeding.

HIDING ANARCHISTS' PLOT.

Appeal Dismissed.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor and the Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Rao desposed of the application for a revision of the order passed by Mr. V. Dhume, First Class Magistrate, Alibag, who convicted Balkrishna Damodar Gujar of secreting documents to prevent their production as evidence and fined him Rs. 200 or in default to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

It appeared that one Dixit, an anarchist, had gone to Mahad with the intention of murdering the Mamlatdar of that place and Tuljaram Mehta and two others who were supposed to have withheld the information from the authorities, being aware of Dixit's design. Mr. Rothfield, sub-divisional Magistrate of Kolaba, took cognizance of the offence of the failure of Tuljaram and his companions to give the information. Tuljaram was then arrested. While Tuljaram was in custody the accused took him food and had conversation in the course of which the accused said that he had consigned certain things to mud and water. This conversation was overheard by a constable by whom it was communicated to the Magistrate, who tried to get out from him the information about the things. The accused subsequently took the Magistrate and the police to a shed behind his house and from a pile of logs of wood took out a bundle containing some papers and a book of photos including those of some extremists.

As the secreted papers were found to be of small importance the Magistrate thought that a fine of Rs. 200 would meet with the ends of justice.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

FIRE AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CACUTTA, Oct 1.

During the storm on Wednesday night about 2 a.m. a fire broke out in Brambhanbaria and reduced eight shops to ashes. The loss is estimated at Rs 6000.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE'S TOUR.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Times" states:—According to the programme which has been drawn up for the tour of the German Crown Prince to the Far East, his Imperial and Royal Highness will arrive at Bombay on Dec. 14. On the way thither a short stay will be made in Ceylon, whence the Crown Princess will return to Europe. The details of the visit to India have not yet been settled but the departure from Calcutta is fixed for not later than Feb. 14. From Calcutta the Crown Prince will travel "via" Singapore and Bangkok (whence a visit may perhaps be paid to Java) to Hong Kong, which is expected to be reached in the middle of March. Canton, Shanghai, and Kiao-chau will be visited on the way to Pekin, where the Crown Prince arrive on April 10. It is expected that the Tokio will be reached about April 25, in which case the return journey to Europe "via" Siberia would be begun early in May.

The following have been selected as the suite of the German Crown Prince on his tour:—Lieut.-Gen von Schenck, aide-de-camp to the Emperor; Major Count Solms-Wildenfels, personal aide-de-camp to the Crown Prince; Orderly officer von Zobeltitz; Dr. Widenmann, the Crown Prince's body physician; Herr von Treutler, German Minister in Copenhagen; Count Pinck von Finckenstein, Lieutenant of Reserve and Herr Sommer, Secretary of the Crown Prince's Household.

JAPANESE SPIES IN RUSSIA.

The arrest of three Japanese at a Transbaikal village railway station on charges of espionage has aroused considerable sensation here, says an Odessa correspondent on Sept. 12. It seems that the men, who are now in the custody of the Irkutsk military authorities, were suspected by the police, and were accordingly searched, with the result that documents were found in their pockets showing them to be Japanese military engineers, in addition to certain other papers which are stated to prove that the men were engaged in espionage work—sketching railway bridges and culverts along the lines leading from Mongolia, and making careful route-maps of the districts through which they passed. The incident is likely to lead to some unpleasantness, for urgent telegrams have been received by the Governor of Irkutsk, both from Tokio and from M. Ogori, Japanese Consul at Vladivostock, pointing out that the two men arrested are well-known Japanese tourists, quiet unconnected with the army. The Governor has refrained from making any reply to these representations pending the decision of the military authorities in the matter.

BRITISH CIVIL SERVICE.

The Treasury returns of gross departmental expenditure just issued show a remarkable increase in the expenditure on the Civil Service. No comment, remarks the "Morning Post," is necessary to show how these figures explain the growing burden of taxation. They give the total Civil Service appropriations for the years mentioned:—

1904-5	£28,277,000
1905-6	28,796,000
1909-10 (estimated)	40,328,000
1910-11 (estimated)	43,727,000

The present Radical Government came into power in 1906 on a platform of economy. Since then the expenditure on the Civil Service has increased by over 50 per cent. Let it be argued that this represents a natural increase following on a national growth, let the figures in regard to other services be compared. First, the Army. Army expenditure has been as follows.—

1904-5	£36,883,000
1905-6	33,044,000
1909-10 (estimated)	31,888,000
1910-11 (estimated)	31,895,000

On the Navy there has been the following expenditure in the years named:—

1904-5	£42,049,000
1905-6	39,157,000
1909-10	37,783,000
1910-11	42,746,000

It is only in the Civil Service that there has been this huge increase, from £28,796,000 when the Radicals assumed office, up to £43,727,000 at the present day.

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "R. Rubattino," Oct. 5.

List of passengers expected to arrive per steamer "R. Rubattino" (from Geneva) on the evening of the 5th instant:—

Mr and Mrs Abbott
Miss Abbot
Mr and Mrs Ancell
Miss Ancell
Mr Abrecht
Mrs Arnold
Mr Boggiano
Sir Buck
Rev Bossaer
Rev Buysse
Mrs Brown
Mr Battenberg
Mr and Mrs Buttegliau and children
Mrs Calis and children
Rev and Mrs Cook and children
Captain Cadell
Mr Clancy
Dr and Mrs De Souza
Mr De Cunza
Mr De Weer
Mr and Mrs Davesan
Mr Laddell
Mr Edwards
Major Evans
Rev Fabian
Mr W Gow
Mr Goddings
Mr W Hunter
Mrs Kennedy
Rev Keyeux
Mr F Khumbatta
Mr and Mrs Molls
Rev Mols
Mr Pennywish
Mr A D Lash
Capt and Mr Lang
Mr and Mrs A Lane
Mrs Lake
Miss Lake
Mr Lanti Nicola
Mr Rudrappa
Mr Row
Mr Ruck
Mr R Schork
Mr and Mrs Stampe
Mr and Mrs Stanley
Mr and Mrs Seymour Adcock,
Mrs and Miss Sambelle
Mr Schaodeli
Mr Thompson
Mr C Verny
Mr and Mrs Wright
Captain and Mrs Walker
Captain Wilson

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "Hera," Oct. 3.

The following passengers will proceed to Marseilles by the Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer "Hera", Capt. Casanova, on the 3rd Oct. from the stream. There will be the usual medical inspection of the cabin passengers at the Carnac Bunder at 11 A. M. Native servants and ayahs and all deck passengers must be at the Prince's Dock, Disinfection shed, at 8 A. M., with all their baggage:—

Mrs Kasi and 3 children
Major W B Blackeway
Mr and Mrs Crompton
Mr and Mrs P E Cammiade
Mr D K Vaswani
Mrs Coomaraswamy
Mr Rao
Mr K S Agnihotri
Mr Yang on
Mr Hang Jee
Mr B P Anand
Mr & Hargen
Mr Roberts
Mr Susan Singh
Mr Cheo Ram
Mr Ali Yung
Mr Chang Tio
Mr Ah Hap
Mr Ah Tee
Mr Leong Ling
Mr A H Kum
Mr Tuh Yee
Mr Ah Long
Mr Ah Ann
Rev E J Drew
Miss M F Scott
Mr B G Kane
Mr S Asimuddin
Mr A H Hussnally
Mr A M Husanally
Mr C Dhamia Rao
Two servants of Mr Cammiade

ADEN.

Mr K Murarji and son
Mr S Hutchund
Mr Vassonjee
Mr Jaffetali
Mr Abdul Gurim
Mr Kader Alli
Mr Bai Allinabu and daughter
Mr Ahmed Fazul
Mr Damoder Liladhur

PORT-SAID.

Mr Award Ali
Mr Hassan Dali
Mr Hamat Biahi
Mr Ahmet Mohamed
Mr Yousef Hassan
Mr Abdi Kobli
Mr Abdullah Mehomed
Mr Saled Metima
Mr Ibrahim Abdi
Mr Ali Mahomed
Mr Mehomed Gelle

SUEZ.

Mr Rehmat
Mr Fatimahomed
Mr Mahmoodin

BY THE WAY.

AN "EMPIRE CENTRE."

Of suggested memorial of King Edward VII. there is no end, but the Earl of Plymouth's proposal is at least more comprehensive than most of its predecessor. Lord Plymouth advises the preservation of the Crystal Palace as an "Empire Centre"; that is, an institution where summer and winter exhibitions of British and Colonial arts and crafts would be arranged and the different Colonies be alloted different sites for the erection of buildings permanently dedicated to their exclusive use. It is proposed that the money shall be raised by the guinea subscriptions of 750,000 life members and the £500 subscriptions of life-governor, and these donors would have the use of club premises. Technical schools would also be erected in the grounds. This plan, while being preferably more utilitarian than most proposals inspired by a similar emotion, has certain disadvantages. For example, it is easy to feel certain that the classes and exhibitions would be properly patronised. It is desirable, both from economic and loyal considerations, that a memorial scheme should run the minimum risk of failure. Sydenham is not an ideally situated locality for an "Empire Centre." On the other hand, the scheme certainly secures for the nation a large tract of garden and grounds extending over 250 acres, and has a fine Imperial flavour about it. The only thing one fear, is that the flavour would not be tasted often enough or widely enough.

THE POWERS OF THE AIR.

The most recent experiments with airships and aeroplanes are not of a nature to calm the troubled spirit of the householder or the Governor of the Bank of England. Following upon the nefariously successful experiments of Mr. Glenn Courtiss, the American aviator, in dropping bombs in the form of oranges on to the deck of a given yacht supposed to represent a warship, the aviators gathered at Boston (Massachusetts) are rapidly rendering themselves perfect in this most unpleasant art. Of course, they fly at a comparatively low altitude, at which they would become easy targets' in actual warfare; but there will always be found dare devil spirits who will run the risk in order to gain the glory. Worse still, it has been shown that an aviator can make fairly good practice with a rifle while travelling at such a high speed as would render him difficult even for the most up-to-date quickfiring gun from the stores of Krupp and Ehrhardt to hit. Against all this we have to set the somewhat dispiriting facts that the experiments conducted near Plymouth in firing at airships produced far from satisfactory results. Everything tends to raise our estimate of the power for harm of these machines.

A VALUABLE EDUCATIONAL HERESY.

The points suggested, it not made by Dr. Miers in his presidential address at the meeting of the Educational Section of the British Association, deserve more than the casual thought usually bestowed by the outsider on such effusions. He began with point of minor scientific interest, but one that will come home to the hearts of all parents—does a boy's mental activity run in periods, and, if so what are they? Experience seems to show that the brain is wideswake up to the age of fourteen, and then partially goes to sleep, probably because the body is having its innings and is adding inches to the stature and chest measurement. After sixteen the brain comes to its own again but does not go fully into its stride, so to speak, till the age of eighteen or nineteen. Once in its stride it keeps up the pace till the faculties begin to wane. A little reflection on one's vanished youth will confirm this analysis. Now comes the practically important deduction. It is this: that an adult wishing to understand the mysteries of the trade or craft at which he earns his living need not be first set down to learn the "beggarly elements" of physics, chemistry, and what not, and spend a couple of years on these painful preliminaries. Even while he is absorbing higher work, his active brain will be able to pick up the lower foundations which it would have taken his boyish brain months and years to assimilate. This is a valuable idea and an economical one and one that should double the efficiency of County Council classes in agriculture, etc.

MISUNDERSTOOD.

"Surely no theatre has had to correct more misapprehensions concerning its object than the New, or Millionaires', Theatre of New York. When it was first heard of there was a general jump to the conclusion that it was to be a luxurious house for entertainment of the idle rich, a variety in which the American millionaire is commonly but erroneously supposed to find his chief theatrical delight. Then it was found that the millionaires proposed to seek the elevation, not the further degradation, of the American drama; for the plain fact of the best modern plays, acted by some of the most capable modern actors, was demonstrated to the confusion of the sceptical. Still the idea persisted that ordinary men had no concern in this theatre. The scheme for appealing to the working men of New York should go far to correct this surviving mistake. A series of plays is to be performed at prices varying from 2s. to 5d., the first, Maeterlinck's "Blue Bird," being followed by a season of Shakespearean drama. It really looks as though the millionaires mean elevation in earnest—elevation both of themselves and others. The cynic, poor in pocket as in faith, will eventually be compelled to give the New Theatre credit for the best intentions.

NEWFOUNDLAND VICTORY.

The Newfoundland award is a compromise, but a compromise with a healthy bias in the island's favour. For codfishing herring bait is essential, and herrings keep within the bays of Newfoundland. We contended that the Treaty of 1818 gave the Americans no right to enter the bays in pursuit of the herring. The Hague has disallowed this claim, but the American triumph is short-lived, as The Hague's definition of "territorial waters" will keep the Massachusetts fishermen thirteen miles out and away from the central point of the bay shore. Again, the Treaty gave the Americans the right to land on the Newfoundland shore only when they wanted wood and water, shelter and repairs. They quietly extended these concessions, landing also for one purchase of bait and the hire of Newfoundlanders to serve on board their vessels, an extension worth £100,000 a year to them. When the island stopped these encroachments by the Bait Act of 1888 America insisted that the Act was ultra vires, and Great Britain timidly gave way. The Hague allows the men of Massachusetts to hire Newfoundlanders, but confirms the islanders' right to make the other regulations. These included a veto on the use of the purse seine, and on the sale of gear to foreigners. Unfortunately a concession is made to the smuggling propensities of the Americans, but this is a small set-off to the substantial gains of the Newfoundlanders.

A GROSS FAILURE.

Gradually the airship is sinking from the lofty from position it once held in public esteem into the humdrum place it really deserves. So it is with all new inventions. Like youth, they start out to take the world by storm, to strike the stars with the unimaginable height of their stature, and they end by occupying a much more lowly but still useful place in the economy of nature. The Zeppelins were to revolutionise the transit of mankind from place to place until they collided with pear trees, or went for excursions on their own account in gales and flattened themselves out against hillsides. Then the Gross and the Parseval superseded them in popular favour: these might not aspire to such serial excursion traffic as the Zeppelins, but at any rate they would be invaluable as scouts in war. And now even this consolation is taken away. A Gross had made a lamentable fool of itself in the German manœuvres, taken trees for guns, and mock trenches so that one general at least is pouring maledictions on its head. And the worst of it is, the mistake was not the result of any particular folly, but of the height at which the gross was obliged to work to keep clear of the gun. Sic transit gloria.

SAUCE FOR THE GOOSE.

It is good news that so influential a journal as the "Cologne Gazette" is awakening to the fact that airships cannot be permitted to sail over fortified places. No nation will give the proposal a readier acceptance than the French. In a period of twelve months from April 1901 to April 1909 no fewer than sixteen German balloons descended on the French frontier, containing twenty six German officers, who had no doubt been hard at work photographing the camp at Chalons and other strategic points. It has now been realised by our German cousins that foreigners frequently travel in the Zeppelins when they cruise along the frontier, and that those foreigners carry cameras? Iniquitous that such things should be! How depraved the heart of man can be! Let us have an international agreement, and immediately to such depravity a stop put! As for these Zeppelins—they should speedily locked up be

THE LADIES' CORNER.

WOMEN AND GUNS.

With September writes a London correspondent, comes some interesting discussion on the relation of women to sport, and various reasons are being advanced as to why more women do not shoot. As a matter of fact, though many women are fair game shots, comparatively few attain any real proficiency, for the reason that they do not start to shoot when young, and under the guidance of an old and tried sportsman. The result is that they have never been grounded in such important matters as care in carrying, uncocking and unloading a gun, which makes all the difference to the comfort of those out shooting with them. "Never point a loaded or unloaded gun at any one" is one of the first lessons taught. It is a good old rule often forgotten by those who take to shooting half-way on in life. Again, comparatively few women can walk well enough, or manage fences cleverly enough to avoid being anything but a nuisance out shooting, and so they are more often seen standing at a covert side for pheasant shooting than walking wet-root fields and deep heather, not to mention the negotiation of barbed wire fences. The men of the party naturally think of the ladies first, and if the latter are not active, good walkers, able to get over the ground nimbly and quietly, up the birds get, and no one gets a shot at them. Another common cause of irritation to the keeper when women are out shooting is that men and women will talk, and generally when it is most essential that they should keep quiet.

A DELIGHTFUL COMRADE.

A genuine sportswoman, who has understood the rules from her youth up, and who can walk and shoot well and for the love of the sport, makes a delightful comrade. It is the woman who carries a gun for effect, not thinking in least of the affairs in hand, who is voted by shooting men "a nuisance." Herein lie some of the plain reasons why more women do not shoot. One of the finest women shots of the present time is able to walk all day and carry a 12-bore gun over a rough country without being a trouble to those out with her, but she was reared in a wild part of Central Wales 1,500 feet above sea-level, where winters are often Arctic, and from her childhood she was strictly grounded in the right way to use a gun, and was taught to dress sensibly for the part. Good, strong nailed, waterproof boots, leggings, a short skirt, and a coat with handy pockets have always been her shooting dress. Brown or dark green linens were used in August, and warm rough tweeds chosen later on.

THE CRAFT OF THE GUN.

The craft of the gun is not essily learned. It demands an apprenticeship as strict as some professions, and the woman who has had no youthful advantages in this respect, and does not intend to go in for the sport seriously will be well advised to leave it religiously alone.

THE LAND TAX.

Conference at the Treasury.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer held a conference at the Treasury on Sept 14 with the representatives of a number of organisation interested in the land taxes. Mr. Lloyd George explained in some introductory observation that he had called the conference together to discuss, not the merits or demerits of the taxes, but the form of interrogatories sent to owners of land. If the form was obscure it was only fair that it should be made clearer though for himself he was at a loss to understand why the questions should be unintelligible. To-thirds of the questions were substantially the same as those which had been addressed to owners of real property for many years past, and others were framed in order to ascertain deductions which were in the landowner's interest. The treasury had already received 1,500,000 of the forms duly filled up, and those which had not been returned were the forms in respect of the owners of large properties, to whom an extension of time had been granted whenever it had been applied for.

Responding to Mr. Lloyd George's invitation for criticism of the forms, Mr. Vigers, president of the Surveyors' Institution, expressed the opinion that the main objection was that of the time and expense involved. The information asked for as to public rights of user was another frequent cause of difficulty as was likewise the question regarding any sale which had taken place within the last twenty years.

Other objections were stated, and at the close of the conference Mr. Lloyd George said he was glad that there was no criticism as to the intelligibility of the form itself. The Government's only desire was to be perfectly fair and reasonable to the property owners. He was prepared at a later date to discuss the question of deductions.

The following will serve as instances of the lucid explanations given on some of the statutory rules and orders in connection with the Land Tax:—The expression 'proper proportion' means ratio of the present value of an annuity for the term of the interest under review to the present value of the same annuity in perpetuity. The expression "term of the interest" means:—(a) Where the interest is an interest in possession, a term equal to the residue of the interest for the time being outstanding; (b) where the interest is a reversion expectant on the determination of a lease, a term equal to the term of the reversion deferred for the period of the outstanding term of the lease. Where the term of an interest is a term dependent on life, the term shall be taken to be a term equal to the mean expectation of life of the person on whose life the interest is dependent or, where the interest is dependent on more than one life, of the youngest of the persons on whose life it is dependent. For the purpose of ascertaining the mean expectation of life, the mortality tables, based on the Northampton experience, shall be adopted.

One can well understand that even many of the Inland Revenue officials themselves are unable to throw any light on the meaning of these "lucid explanations."

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Ask your draper to show you the new patterns; if you have any difficulty write for our booklet about "Viyella."

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THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, OCT. 1.

The depression over Gujarat has extended northwards and caused moderately heavy rain in East Rajputana and heavy rain in the north-west of the United Provinces. The disturbance in the extreme north has also contributed rain in Simla and the Kumaon Hills. A small depression has appeared off the Orissa Coast. The rainfall has been nearly general in the west of the United Provinces, the south-east margin of the Punjab, the West Coast of the Peninsula and local in lower Burma, Orissa, Bengal Proper, Bihar, East Rajputana, Central Ind a and the Bombay Deccan, while a few falls have occurred in upper Burma, Eastern Bengal, Gujarat, the Central Provinces, South Hyderabad, Mysore and the North Madras Coast.

The principal amounts are:—Diamond Island and False Point, two inches; Saugor Island, one; Muktesar, three; Chakrata, one; Agra, seven; Mainpuri, two; Bareilly, four; Meerut and Delhi, one and a half; Jaipur and Kotah, one; Surai, one; Bombay, four; Ratnagiri one and a half; Gopalpur, four and Mercara, one.

Forecast—An increase of rainfall in the North and East of India.

The Arabian Sea mail steamer experienced normal conditions until nearing Bombay, when the wind increased to a fresh gale owing to the depression over South Gujarat.

SIMLA, OCT. 2.

The depression from Gujarat moved northwards, and disappeared, having given given heavy rain in the north-west of the United Provinces and the south-east of the Punjab. The depression near Orissa moved inland.

The rainfall increased in the north-east of India, it being nearly general in Bengal West, the United Provinces, the east of the Punjab, and Malabar. It has been fairly general in lower Burma, the north of the Madras Coast, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and Mysore. There have been a few falls in Upper Burma, Eastern Bengal, Assam, the United Provinces East, the East of Rajputana, Central India and the Central Provinces.

The principal amounts are:—Gauhati, Cuttack and Purnea, one and a half inches; Balasore and Sambalpur, one; Chaibassa, two; Mainpuri, one and a half; Meerut, five; Roorkee, Mussoorie and Dehra Dun, four; Chakrata, three; Bareilly and Delhi, six; Simla, two; Ambala, one and a half; Ludhiana, one; Jagdalpur, one and a half; Ahmednagar, Poona, Aurangabad and Mercara, one.

Forecast.—An increase of rainfall in the Central Provinces, Central India East, and the East of the United Provinces, and a decrease in the north-west of the United Provinces and south-east of the Punjab.

STORM SIGNAL.

The following telegram was Saturday received by the Port Officer, Bombay from the Meteorological Department, Simla:—

Storm signal—Depression over South Gujarat giving strong winds off Bombay Coast.—Hoist cautionary signal.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In Cts	Esplanade Fort In Cts	Colaba, Colaba In Cts	Santa Cruz In Cts
Previously registered...	76·31	66·71	69·85	63·40
Sunday, 2nd Oct	1·43	2·35	2·63	3·83
Total	77·74	69·06	72·48	67·23
Date last year	91·25	84·24	101·17	71·00

...GES, KEMP & Co., Ltd., GUMBALLA HILL
October 1.
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

...tation.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date. 1908.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg Total 1910.
...balla ...	In. cts. 1·53	In. cts. 67·1	In. cts. 62·47	In. cts. 84·39

RAINFALL AT MATHERAN.
Matheran, Sept. 30.

	Inches.	Cents.
Week ending 30th Sept. 1910. ...	8	84
Previous total	157	66
Total.....	166	50

...a Saturday's report of the Meteoro... for Western India based on observa... o'clock.

...ns.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
...th Sept)	83·1	76·1	...	0·0
.....	94·3	82·3	...	0·0
...0th Sept)	96·8	80·6	...	0·0
.....	95·8	75·0	...	1·64
.....	91·4	65·4	...	26·63
.....	98·9	72·2	...	11·32
.....	89·3	69·1	0·20	7·69
.....	77·5	72·0	0·10	26·69
.....	78·7	70·7	1·30	23·14
.....	84·5	72·0	6·68	26·10
...lanpuri	92·3	72·5	2·10	21·39
Jhansi	89·5	77·0	...	29·19
Cawnpore	92·7	78·0	0·16	26·13
Allahabad	92·8	79·0	...	26·0)
Jacobabad	105·1	77·8	...	2·36
Karachi	90·0	74·5	...	12·16
Ajmer	81·4	71·7	0·06	16·53
Jaipur	76·7	70·6	1·92	16·30
Kotah	78·0	75·6	2·30	29·10
Bhuj	100·6	76·0	...	20·42
Dwarka	86·8	78·2	...	13·73
Veraval	...	...	...	...
Jaykol	93·0	73·5	...	33·27
Jamnagar Faca	95·1	75·6	1·73	26·42
Surat	89·1	75·6	1·15	36·13
Ahmedabad	98·1	77·7	0·65	25·41
Deesa	101·8	76·4	...	23·26
Neemuch	84·0	70·8	...	30·74
Indore	83·1	71·1	0.41	32·53
Jubbulpore	87·3	74·8	...	45·07
Saugor	85·6	73·0	...	36·44
Hoshangabad	88·6	73·9	0·07	51·46
Chandwa	89·2	75·1	...	21·43
Akola	87·7	75·1	0·14	32·65
Amraoti	84·8	73·8	...	36·80
Nagpur	84·6	74·8	0·12	51·83
Chanda	85·5	74·5	...	45·85
Jashpur	87·2	75·5	...	60·13
Bombay	78·2	75·4	3·83	67·23
Ratnagiri	78·8	73·9	1·41	84·42
Formugao	83·5	73·7	0·40	81·95
Karwar	80·8	74·0	0·78	112·40
Belgaon	85·4	75·1	...	37·93
Hyderabad	84·4	70·0	0·30	32·30
Poona	81·5	70·8	0·78	23·10
Sholapur	84·8	71·4	...	27·12
Nagpur	82·7	70·2	...	20·26
Belgaum	74·3	66·6	0·60	36·37
Kolhapur	85·2	70·2	0·04	23·83
Ahmednagar (Deolali)	86·4	72·7	0·03	39·03
Hyderabad	83·3	71·7	0·22	21·50
Bangalore	83·8	72·8	0·01	10·18
Madras	84·3	74·2	0·58	47·57
Trichinopoly	85·7	77·8	0·13	72·05
Pamban	85·5	76·5	...	15·12
Kodaikanal	85·8	78·2	...	30·82
Coimbatore	89·0	73·1	0·02	15·39
Madura	91·7	74·6	0·04	36·42
Tuticorin	94·5	77·0	...	18·75
Palamcottah	88·8	64·8	...	28·99
Cuddalore	85·5	71·3	...	6·37
Negapatam	96·1	76·3	...	15·62
Karaikal	93·5	77·5	...	17·80

...MBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 1st OCTOBER.

...mary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 1st October giving ... data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Sirsa has had 0·20" and Delhi 0·01" of rain. Skies have cleared in the extreme north but remain moderately to heavily clouded in the south-east Punjab. Humidity is in large ...ess in the area of rainfall and normal over the ... of the division. Temperature during day has ...n in the south-east and is to-day very low at ...ni where the deficiency amounts to 15°; tem-perature during night is normal except for an excess at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general and heavy in the north-west; Agra has had 6·68", Cawnpore 0·16" and Mainpuri 2·10". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air is considerably damper than usual. Day temperature is generally in defect; night temperature is normal or in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been general in Rajputana; Bikaner reports 0·14," Jaipur 1·92' Kotah 2·30." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in Rajputana but clear in Sind. Humidity is in large excess in Rajputana and nearly normal elsewhere. Maximum temperature has fallen largely and is from 12° to 19° below normal in south Rajputana; the minimum is generally normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Bhavnagar Para records 1·73," Surat 1·15," Ahmedabad 0·65" and Indore 0·41" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess in west Central India and normal elsewhere. Temperature is normal except for a defect during day in west Central India.

The Central Provinces.—Nagpur reports 0·12" of rain and Akola 0·14". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is much above the average. Day temperature is generally in defect; night temperature is normal or in excess.

The Konkan.—General rain has fallen; Bombay recorded 3·83" Ratnagiri 1·41" Mormugao 0·40" and Karwar 0·78." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Temperature during day has fallen and is in defect in north Konkan, while it is normal during night.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has been received; Ahmednagar records 0·30" Poona 0·78" Belgaum 0·60" and Hyderabad 0·22." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is normal or in excess. Day temperature is slightly below the average; night temperature is normal except for an excess at Malegaon.

General Remarks,—Rainfall has been general on the West Coast and nearly general in the Bombay Deccan, Rajputana and the adjacent parts of the United Provinces. Local showers have been reported from Kathiawar; south Gujarat, the south-east Punjab, West Central India, south Central Provinces and south Hyderabad. The disturbed weather conditions prevailing on the west Coast north of Ratnagiri are disappearing and have extended north eastwards from Gujarat and penetrated to the south Punjab and north-west United Provinces; heavy rain due to this disturbance fell at Agra.

Nearly general rain is likely on the West Coast, in Rajputana and adjacent parts of the Punjab and United Provinces. Local showers may occur in the Bombay Deccan, Kathiawar and south Gujarat.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

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Sold in large bottles. Obtainable at all Pharmacies, Dispensaries, and Stores.

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XX 85

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS,
BY MAJOR H. E. E. PROCTER, A.D.C.,
COMMANDING.
Bombay, 3rd October.

1. Orderly N C Officers for the week commencing from to-day Monday the 3rd instant.
Sergt E G Pearson, next for duty Sergt A D Shunks.

2. Tuesday the 4th instant—Commanding Officers Parade at the Riding School at 7-30 a m punctually.
Dress—Khaki and hunting saddlers.

3. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, Riding School at 7-15 a.m.

4. Section Commanders are reminded that jumps and tent pegging are available for practice daily at the Riding School.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT. COLONEL A. K. LESLIE V.D. COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 3rd October.

160. Parades—Nos 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m. on Saturday 8th October and proceed to Middle Ground for 6" Mark VII gun drill and D R F drill.
All recruits are especially requested to attend.
Dress—Khaki and forage caps.

161. D R F Class—Parade at the Old Saluting Battery Apollo Bunder at 7 15 a.m. on Tuesday 4th instant.

162. Duties—Orderly Sergeants for the ensuing week:—
No 1 Company Sergeant A A Spilling.
No 2 Company Sergeant J Clarke.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A

NOTICE.

B. V. A. Concert.

A B V A Promenade will be held on Wednesday 5th October at 9-30 p m in the Town Hall.
Tickets can be obtained from:—
(1) Head Quarters.
(2) No. 1 of Sub-Divisions.
(3) B V A Club.
(4) At the Town Hall door.

Cricket.

The following match has been arranged:—
B V A vs Mr Brownells XI. On the Oval on Sunday 9th October at 2-15 p.m.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.
Bombay, 3rd October.

837.—Detail for the week ending 8th instant.
To-day Monday the 3rd instant—"G" Coy Recruits Parade at 7-30 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.
Tuesday the 4th instant—Lecture for N C Officers at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p m.
Subject—Outpost and Defence obstacles.
Field Service Regulations Part I, Operations 1909 Pages 85—96 Military Engineering Part I, Field Defence 1905, Pages 69-80.
Wednesday the 5th instant—"G" Coy Parade on the Maidan at 7-30 a.m.
II. "F" Company Parade at St Mary's College, Byculla at 6 p.m.
Dress—Drill Order Mufti.
Thursday the 6th instant—The Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

838. Parades—1st to 31st October 1910.—Weekly parades under Company Commanders. Time and place to be arranged by them and notified to the Adjutant at least 3 days beforehand.
Subjects—As per programme.
Programmes of Drills for the ensuing season have been distributed to Officers Commanding Companies.
Members may obtain them from the Cr Sergts of their companies.

839. Issue of Arms—Arms and Accoutrements will be issued to members of the Corps at Head Quarters between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

Members are requested to draw their arms and accoutrements at once.

840. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for class firing and practice for members of I. V. R. A. and Viceroy's Competitors on the afternoons of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday (3rd to 6th inst.)

Trains leaves Victoria Terminus at 12-45 noon and 1-50 p. m.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

RADIUM ROMANCE.

Radium has at last been found and actually seen in its metallic form. This is the crowning glory of the most remarkable research of modern times, and it is more than ordinarily pleasing to know that Mme. Curie was the first to see the wonderful metal, whose existence had been so long suspected and whose amazing properties had been investigated by herself and her late husband, Professor Curie. In spite of old ideas, new facts were disclosed which suggested that something far more subtle than an element might possibly exist. Gold or lead or iron, or the oxygen of the atmosphere, might conceivably be built up all of the same ultimate materials. Ancient ideas were revived. The possibility that one metal might be changed into another, which had so long been put on one side as violating all the laws of chemistry, was again realised. It began with the discovery that some of the metals gave off rays which would affect an ordinary photographic dry plate. Any one can test this wrapping up a dry plate in many folds of papers, and placing a piece of common zinc over it. In the course of a month or two, if the plate is developed in the ordinary way, the mark of the zinc may be seen, but not always. The zinc may be nearly pure, in which case the plate will show no change. Uranium or its ores have long had an evil reputation for damaging dry plate. Uranium is one of the heaviest of the metals. It is easy now, after the work is done, and Mme. Curie's splendid labours have produced an answer to the great enigma, to say that the heavy metal uranium must have been breaking down into something simpler, throwing off lighter particles and giving up some of the energy which had somewhere in the beginning of things compressed it into its present density. But uranium, so far as the chemical balance can show does not lose weight nor does it dissipate its energy by breaking down into particles which can penetrate paper and spoil photographic plates. There was undoubtedly something some metal possibly but something unknown to the scientific world which was hidden away in certain ores and which patience and skill might bring to light. The most active of substances known were those containing uranium. Hence the quest was started on the mineral from which this metal is usually prepared—pitchblende.

PROPERTIES OF PITCHBLENDE.

There were many other phenomena besides the fogging of dry plates which called the attention of scientists to the peculiarities of pitchblende. It had certain electrical effects. A conductor charged with static electricity lost its charge when placed near a piece of the mineral, showing that the air which surrounded the conductor had become changed in some way, and instead of being one of the most perfect of insulators had become a conductor itself. These two effects, the giving out of rays which can penetrate paper and the power of rendering air a conductor of electricity, may be taken as the chief phenomena which set the Curies to work on their great research Cathode rays, X rays, and the whole series of invisible kinds of radiation were discovered about the time when the search for radium commenced. It was, therefore, naturally surmised that X rays were given out by the unknown substance. One of the first things noticed by the experimenter was that the waste material thrown away by the manufacturers was more radio-active than the uranium which they were producing. The word radio-active means very much to the scientist, but for the purpose of this article it may be used to define the two properties of pitchblende already noticed. The residue, or waste material, was therefore, investigated by Mme. Curie.

A PRECIOUS LITTLE PARCEL.

It is well-nigh impossible to give any idea of the infinite patience with which Mme. Curie pursued her labours. Almost by spoonfuls she took tons of rock, slowly separating its constituent, and gradually concentrating those portions which showed radio-activity. Her first great rewards was when she obtained a substance, only a few grains of it, from some eight tons of rock, which glowed like a firefly in the dark. It was impure radium bromide. The radium salt was not really glowing, but it was giving out rays which caused the barium salts with which it was mixed to show a fluorescence. It was this first portion of radium bromide which Professor Curie brought to England for exhibition at the Royal Institution in London. He brought the precious little parcel in his waistcoat pocket and took it back to Paris in the same way. A few days later he noticed a mark on his body underneath the place where the radium bromide had been carried. It grew to a serious sore, and caused him much trouble afterwards. Thus the world came by the knowledge that the metal radium, even when in the form of a salt, was giving out rays which might cause trouble if the material were handled too freely.

USES OF RADIUM.

Many uses were suggested for the new element. It was certainly giving of heat and rays of various kinds. It was changing slowly into some other substance, and in the process was giving out vast quantities of energy. It was suggested that it might drive our engines and do all kinds of wonderful things. As further quantities were prepared, it came into the hands of medical men who as all the world knows, have used it in the treatment of certain skin diseases, and to alleviate the suffering of cancer patients. These uses are based on the fact that the radiations, light X rays ultra violett rays etc. have definite effects on the skin or on any portion of the anatomy they are able to reach. But the crowning glory of it all is Mme. Curie's final isolation of the metal. By electrical means she broke up the bromide and produced in her tiny crystal report a minute film of bright metal. It is changing rapidly. Nature's great cosmic forces have concentrated it to such an extent that it is breaking up into simple things, now that it has been brought to the outer air, and in that breaking up it is giving out, slowly—one might almost say relentlessly—vast quantities of heat. A piece of paper will catch fire if placed in contact with it—or so it is said in the first news we receive from Paris.

THE EARTH'S ORIGIN.

Prof. Schwarz's earth history goes back to the very beginning. The sun was then a dark cold body such as astronomers say it will one day become, and similar to those dark bodies wandering through steller space, of which many are known. Some celestial sphere approached it to within a distance something like that which now separates the earth from the sun. Recent researches indicate that sun and moon cause a bulging out of the earth's solid crust similar to the heaping up of water, which causes the tides. Hence when the larger sphere approached the sun the substance of the latter would be drawn out into two prominences, one on the side of the former, and the other on the opposite. These prominences would consist of the rock substance of the cold and solid sun, and they would be drawn out spirally round a central nucleus. From these drawn out horns were born the earth and planets.

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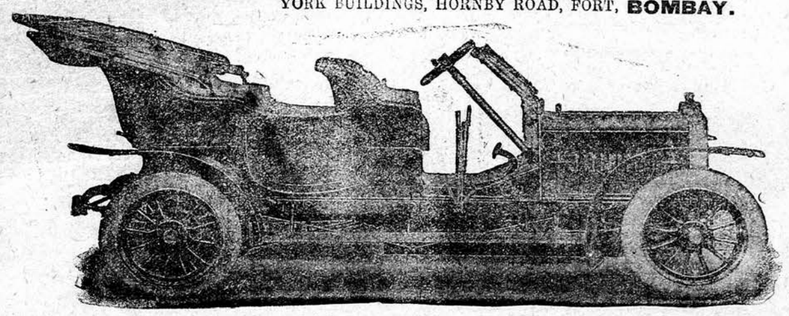

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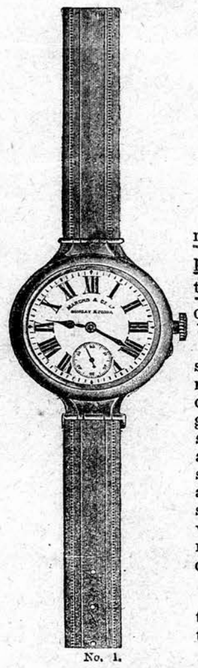

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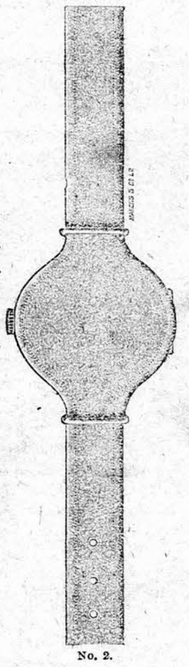

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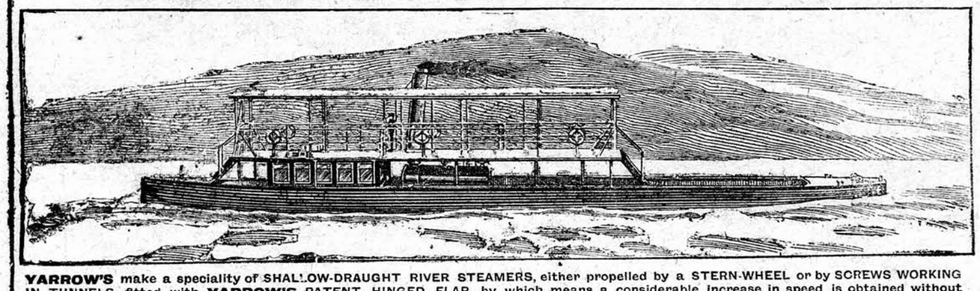

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